臺灣土地銀行 102 年度招考五職等至八職等一般金融、資訊、法務新進人員甄試試題	【4】10.詞語「不脛而走」的結構為「沒有 卻 」,即 不同的是:
甄試類組【代碼】:五職等資訊人員/機房輪值人員【E7202】、程式設計人員【E7203】、	①不期而遇 ②不勞而獲 ③不謀
資安人員【E7204】、網路規劃人員【E7206】	【3】11.某位編輯校訂《成語分類辭典》時,發現有一項 ①一孔之見:牖中窺日、管窺蠡測 ②高風
普通科目:國文及英文	 ①一孔之見:牖中窺日、管窺蠡測 ②高風 ③刻舟求劍:革故鼎新、獨闢蹊徑 ④三顧
*請填寫入場通知書編號:	【3】12.杜牧 遣懷 :「落魄江湖載酒行,楚腰纖細掌
注意:①作答前須檢查答案卡、入場通知書編號、桌角號碼、應試類別是否相符,如有不同應立即請監試 人員處理,否則不予計分。	中所欲表達的情感是: ①近鄉情怯 ②夜長夢多 ③玩歲
②本試卷一張雙面,四選一單選選擇題共 50 題,每題 2 分,共 100 分。限用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」	【2】13.下列詞語解釋,正確的選項是: ①「尺牘」、「尺碼」同指書信 ②「祝
上作答,請選出最適當答案,答錯不倒扣;未作答者,不予計分。 ③請勿於答案卡書寫應考人姓名、入場通知書號碼或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。	①「尺牘」、「尺碼」同指書信
④應考人僅得使用簡易型電子計算器(不具任何財務函數、工程函數功能、儲存程式功能),但不得	【3】14.若利用網路搜尋引擎,查找蘇東坡的相關資料,
發出聲響;若應考人於測驗時將不符規定之電子計算器放置於桌面或使用,經勸阻無效,仍執意 使用者 該科扣 10 分 · 該雷子計算器並由堅試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還	①赤壁賦 ②烏臺 ③五斗米折腰 ④唐宋
⑤答案卡務必繳回,未繳回者該科以零分計算。	【3】15.「階下兒童仰面時,清明妝點最堪宜。游絲一斷
 發出聲響;若應考人於測驗時將不符規定之電子計算器放置於桌面或使用,經勸阻無效,仍執意使用者,該科扣 10分;該電子計算器並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還。 ⑤答案卡務必繳回,未繳回者該科以零分計算。 壹、國文【第 1-25 題,每題 2 分,共計 25 題,佔 50 分】 【1】1.下列各組詞語,「」內字音完全相同的是: ①風中「緋」櫻/「蜚」聲國際 ②「詰」屈聱牙/慧「黠」可愛 ③「靚」女其姝/「靛」青黛綠 ④「綺」麗世界/風光「旖」旎 【4】2.下列文句,用字完全正確的是: ①張先生從小離鄉背井,生活辛苦,總是滿腹勞騷 ②現在人民與政府陷入箭拔弩張的氣氛中,令學者憂心忡忡 ③選秀節目是讓素人一夕成名的捷徑,所以讓喜愛表演的人驅之若鶩 	的燈謎,正確的謎底是: ①陀螺
【1】1.下列各組詞語,「」內字音完全相同的是: ② 图中「44」棚(「非二酸图際	【3】16.有關女子的年齡及婚嫁的敘述,正確的選項是:
①風中、緋」愛/、茧」耸幽院(「「「」」「「「」」出質オ/急、話」「「愛 ③「靚」女其姝/「靛」青黛綠(「「「」」「綺」麗世界/風光「旖」旎	①荳蔻年華:女子滿周歲
【4】2.下列文句,用字完全正確的是:	【4】17.下列文句「」內的字詞經替換後,意思不變的是
②現在人民與政府陷入箭拔弩張的氣氛中,令學者憂心忡忡	①「傴僂」提攜:垂髫
③選秀節目是讓素人一夕成名的捷徑 , 所以讓喜愛表演的人驅之若鶩 ④在大環境不景氣因素下 , 百貨公司業者為刺激消費 , 雖提出了各種促銷方案 , 卻往往無濟於事	
	①西施
①他自小就有聽覺方面的障礙,直到現在還是不識之無	①「旁門左道」是指不循正規的途徑、法門
【3】3.下列文句,畫有底線之成語使用恰當的選項是: ①他自小就有聽覺方面的障礙,直到現在還是不識之無 ②春天到陽明山賞花真是一大樂事,眼前盡是 <u>椿萱並茂</u> ③他們倆人個性不合,正如 <u>方枘圜鑿</u> ,當然很難完成工作 ④經過一場大雨, <u>水落石出</u> ,山上大石都被沖刷到下游來 【2】4.下列文句,含有「慎言」之意的是: ①剛般本語,近仁	②較激進者稱為「右派」, 較保守者稱為「左派」 ③「無出其右」是指沒有人能勝過他,用以讚譽他人
④經過一場大雨,水落石出,山上大石都被沖刷到下游來	④「南面而王」是指君臨天下,「北面而臣」指俯首稱[
【2】4.下列文句 , 含有「慎言」之意的是: ①剛毅木訥 , 近仁	
②道聽而塗說,德之棄也	甲、匠人造就了你 / 原是為燒的 / 既已燒著 / 又何苦你
③天變不足畏,祖宗不足法,人言不足恤 ④吾生平無他過人,但未嘗有一事不可對人言者	乙, 一萬匹飄著白? 的藍馬 / 呼嘯著 / 疾奔過我的腳下 ①煤炭 / 海浪 ②蠟燭 / 雲朵 ③煤炭
【1】5.下列各組「」內讀音相同的字,字形也完全相同的是:	
①「一马 」巢於幕 / 「一马 」頷虎頸 ②寵命優「×乙 」 / 運籌帷「×乙 」	騷》;左丘失明,厥有《國語》;孫子臏腳,而論兵法 事,思來者。」根據文義,研判空缺處人名應是:
③「 5×	①莊子 / 屈原
④「出×」連九族/錙「出×」必較	【2】22.電影《練習曲》中,即將大學畢業的男主角向學 劇中他曾說了一句話「有些事現在不做,一輩子都不會
【4】6.下列文句與成語配對,意思最相近的是: ①畫水無風空作浪,繡花雖好不聞香/膠柱鼓瑟	①年少輕狂,青春無敵 ②把握
②愁人莫向愁人說,說向愁人愁煞人 / 功虧一簣	③苦中作樂,胸無城府 【2】23.秦觀 鵲橋仙 云:「纖雲弄巧,飛星傳恨,銀》
③長江後浪推前浪,一代新人換舊人/馬首是瞻 ④少年休笑白頭翁,花開能有幾時紅/青春易逝	本闋詞歌詠的是:
【2】7.「整個昨夜的思念都/任它一口吞噬/它一直裝傻/胃口又很大/可是那張肚皮是否能/消化了我	①項羽和虞姬
的思念 / 而後隨風飄給 / 伊 」 , 以上現代詩所吟詠的對象是: ①路燈	【4】24.《昭明文選》是中國文學史上有名的文學總集,
【2】8.詞語中有一種結構是「名詞+動詞」,這種「主謂式」結構中,前面的詞素如同主語,後面的詞素如	①佚名 飲馬長城窟行 ②司馬 ③曹操 短歌行 ④蘇軾
同謂語,如「氣喘」。下列具此種修辭方式的選項是: ①恭謹	③音探 短歌1」 ④蘇戰 【4】25.下列「」內的詞語,解釋正確的是:
① 新建 ④ 新 ④ ⑤ 前 2 ④ 前 2 ④ 前 2 ④ 前 2 ④ 前 2 ④ 1 〕 9.下列各組歇後語,都與三國時代人物或故事有關,其中配對正確的是:	①「侷促」一隅/急促
①劉備借荊州/有借無還	②借問漢宮誰得似?「 可憐 」 飛燕倚新妝 / 憐憫 ③「喋血 」 山河 , 藉言恢復 / 以血為誓 , 奮發圖強
③曹操吃雞肋/自殘骨肉 ④諸葛亮空城計/鞠躬盡瘁	④天子「春秋」鼎盛,行義未過,德澤有加焉/年齡

【請接續背面】

【4】10.詞語「不脛而走」的結構為「沒有 卻 」,即「沒有腿卻能出去」。下列選項之構詞方式,與此

③不謀而合 ④不得而知 見有一項同義成語的分類有誤,應是下列何者? ②高風亮節:冰壺秋月、懷瑾握瑜 ④三顧茅廬:吐哺握髮、虛左以待 要纖細掌中輕。十年一覺揚州夢,贏得青樓薄倖名。」本詩

③玩歲愒日 ④風燭殘年

②「祝融」、「回祿」皆指火神

④「騷人」、「僇人」皆指有罪被貶之人

國資料,最不適當的關鍵詞是:

②烏臺詩案

④唐宋八大家

存絲一斷渾無力,莫向東風怨別離。」此詩是《紅樓夢》中

③風箏 ④螢火蟲

②二八年華:女子二十八歲 ④及笄之年:女子百歲,生活需有人養護 「變的是:

②長跪讀「素書」:羽觴

④「八月」蝴蝶黃:桂月

顰莫笑東村女 , 頭白溪邊尚浣紗。」此詩所吟詠的女子是 : ③昭君 ④貂蟬

俯首稱臣

又何苦傷心流淚

战的腳下 / 這匹銜著那匹的尾巴 / 直奔向冥冥 / 寞寞的天涯 ③煤炭 / 雲朵 ④蠟燭/海浪

《周易》; ?陳、蔡,作《春秋》; 放逐,著《離 而論兵法;……此人皆意有所鬱結,不得通其道也,故述往

③莊子 / 賈誼 ④孔子/賈誼

E角向學校請假,獨自一人展開七天六夜的單車環島旅程。 子都不會做了」 , 其意義與下列選項意思相近的是 :

②把握當下,及時圓夢

④物換星移,南柯一夢

i恨,銀漢迢迢暗度。金風玉露一相逢,便勝卻人間無數。」

②牛郎與織女 ④唐明皇與楊貴妃 · 總集,在這本書中不可能出現的文學作品是: ②司馬相如 子虛賦 ④蘇軾 赤壁賦

貳、英文【第 26-50 題,每題 2 分,共計 25 題,佔 50 分】 一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案】

(3) 26. The government inte ① prodigies			
[1] 27. Nancy was by the instructions on the application form and had no idea how to fill it out.			
1) bewildered	2 derided	③ menaced	④ slandered
[3] 28. Some international aid organizations provide low-income groups in developing countries with the opportunity to acquire houses.			
1 abstruse	② affluent	③ affordable	(4) aberrant
[1] 29. The new policy will be announced through newspapers, radio, TV, and internet to that all citizens are informed.			
① ensure	② imply	③ oppose	④ utter
		ggested that we make som ③ subscriptions	e to enhance its effectiveness. ④ temptations
[2] 31. The made an astonishing controlled crash landing into the river after his jet lost power minutes after takeoff from the airport.			
① locomotive	⊘ pilot	③ architecture	(4) chimney
[3]32. Following the example of male TV chefs, men are now twice as likely to divide duties with their wives or girlfriends than a decade ago.			
÷	^② demonstrative	③ domestic	(4) destructive
[4] 33. Most events in life cause strong, such as winning an award, being insulted, or losing a lover to someone else.			
someone else.	, eudee strong,	such as whining an awa	a, being insurea, or issing a lover to

① elucidations ⁽²⁾ experiments ③ ejections (4) emotions

文法測驗(請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案)

 34. By 2050, more that greenhouse emissions. 10 have been wiped out 30 will be wiping out 	n a million species of an	② will have been wiped	
 ③ will be wiping out ④ have been wiping out 【 3】 35. The challenges of increasing access and improving quality reinforce each other. If schools cannot offer a quality education, parents are less likely to send their children to school whether it is free or not. ① least ② more ③ much ④ the more 			
[3] 36. When he was your	nger, Howard was once he		trains all night with his young son.
(4) 37 on the s ① Be caught	pot, the shoplifter was arr ② Catch		station. ④ Caught
[1] 38. Susan was the championship in the game. No one could reach a score hers. ① as high as ② as highest as ③ more highly than ④ the higher			
[4] 39. Mother Teresa, a world-famous nun, devoted her life to the needed and the poor.① be helped② be helping③ help④ helping④ helping			
【 2 】 40. Jenny so ① sleeps		ke occurred. No wonder sh ③ would have slept	

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

Genetic engineering of crops and animals through the manipulation of DNA is producing a revolution in food production. It is also starting a 41 between those who believe its promise and critics who doubt and fear it. The potential to improve the quality and nutritional value of the vegetables and animals we eat seems <u>42</u>. Such potential benefits notwithstanding, critics fear that genetically engineered products, so-called biotech foods, are being rushed to market 43 their effects are fully understood.

Humans have been altering the genetic traits of plants for <u>44</u> years by keeping seeds from the best crops and planting them in following years, and by breeding varieties to make them taste sweeter, grow bigger, or last longer. 45, we've transformed the wild tomato from a fruit the size of a small stone to the giant ones we have today. Furthermore, from a plant called teosinte with an "ear" barely an inch long has come our foot-long ears of sweet white and yellow corn.

[2] 41. ① dictation	^② battle	③ contradiction	④ nostalgia
[3] 42. ① despicable	^② outdated	③ unlimited	④ impossible
[3] 43. ① until	2 so	③ before	④ after
$[4] 44. \oplus a$ thousand of	② several thousands	③ thousand of	④ thousands of
2 45. ^① Nonetheless	^② In this way	③ In addition	④ On the contrary

ty to 四、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

According to the US Department of Energy, the United States uses nearly 25 percent of the world's fossil fuels, but contributes only 3 percent of total fossil fuel production. Nearly 60 percent of United States' oil supply comes from regions that suffer from political instability. The United States maintains a military presence at oil fields and production sites around the world, and it actively protects oil pipelines in the Middle East and Central America. US forces took control of oil production facilities during the 2003 invasion of Iraq; critics charged that this was the main objective of the invasion and occupation.

Fossil fuel energy is relatively cheap to produce and most of the world's technology is geared toward the use of fossil fuels. However, fossil fuels are a non-renewable energy source, as their production requires millions of years. Alternatives such as wind power and hydropower are renewable and produce little pollution, but environmentalists sometimes object to these as they can contribute to habitat destruction.

Solar and hydrogen power are pollution-free and do not require extensive intrusion upon natural habitats. Problems with solar energy include the currently high cost of manufacturing and distribution. Hydrogen fuel is expensive to manufacture, handle, and distribute, and it requires the greatest initial investment of any alternative energy program.

The US automobile and energy industries have made significant investments in ethanol-powered and hybrid electric vehicles. An increasing number of government mandates have urged the development of alternative energy.

In 2006, British Petroleum Company released research indicating that there are an estimated 1,200 billion barrels of oil left in the world's reserves. According to proponents of alternative energy exploration, these numbers mean that at the very least, governments should adopt programs aimed at increasing efficiency of fuel usage, if not promoting immediate and drastic reductions in fossil fuel consumption.

Some activists believe that global governments are actively discouraging research into alternative energy in support of the multi-billion dollar fossil fuel industry. More moderate critics argue that governments are simply not investing enough energy or resources into research and development. Opponents of alternative energy development argue that governments are awaiting a viable alternative to current fuel sources while attempting to protect and enhance current supplies.

[3] 46. In what style is the passage mainly written?	
① Argumentative.	② Com
③ Expository.	④ Proce

[1] 47. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- ① To inform readers of the current use and research on alternative and renewable energy.
- ^② To contend that the US wastes too much energy while contributes little to energy production.
- ③ To introduce how fossil fuels and other alternative and renewable energy are developed step by step.
- ④ To make a thorough contrast between the advantages of fossil fuels and those of alternative and renewable energy.
- [4] 48. Why is the invasion of Iraq mentioned in the passage?
 - ① Because the author would like to demonstrate the process of building oil pipelines in Iraq.

 - countries.
 - economic reasons.
- [2] 49. According to the passage, what is the problem of hydropower? ① It would destroy human dwellings.
- ② It would damage the natural environment.
- ③ It would consume many natural resources.
- ④ It would contaminate the source of drinking water.
- [2] 50. According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
- ① Viable alternatives to fossil fuels have already been discovered.
- ^② There are more and more countries advocating for alternative energy.
- ③ There were 1,200 billion barrels of oil found in the sea around the UK.
- ④ The investment of solar energy costs more than that of any other energy.

nparative. cedural.

^② Because the author would like to argue that the US has offered great help to Iraq by providing oil supplies. ③ Because the author would like to convince readers to believe in the United States' power on economically unstable

^④ Because the author would like to illustrate the point that the invasion was out of not only political reasons but also