	臺銀人壽 108	◎請閱讀下列甲、乙兩篇文章,回答第14-15題:			
職等/甄試類別【代4	碼】:五職等-資訊类	甲: <u>王子猷</u> 嘗暫寄人空宅住,便			
共同科目:國文及英:	文	乙: <u>王子猷</u> 出都,尚在渚下。舊	聞 <u>桓子野</u> 善吹笛,而不相譜		
注意:①作答前先檢查答案		<u>桓子野</u> 。」 <u>王</u> 便令人與相臣	<b>引云:「聞君善吹笛,試為</b> 我		
	、答案卡作答者,不予計, 四選一單選選擇題共50	<b>踞胡床,為作三調。弄畢</b>	,便上車去。客主不交一言		
請選出一個正確或	最適當答案,答錯不倒;	【3】14.在甲文中,王子猷令家人 ①王子猷覺得寄居之地過於炎			
	<b>弓應考人姓名、入場通知</b> 簡易型電子計算器(不」	③王子猷認為竹子象徵高潔,			
	()影音、資料傳輸、通	【2】15.在乙文中,桓子野為何箸			
計算器置於桌面或	使用,經制止仍執意續	犯者。	止仍執意續犯者。2.將不符規定之電子	①受王子猷的權勢所迫 <sup>②</sup> 他 ◎ <b>請閱讀下列甲、乙兩篇文章</b> ,	
· · ·	違反者該節成績以零分詞			甲:上邪!我欲與君相知,長命無	<b>無絕衰。山無陵,江水為竭,</b>
壹、國文【四選一單				乙:有所思,乃在大海南。何用	問遺君,雙珠玳瑁簪。用玉
【2】1.下列「」中的字			-		思,相思與君絕!雞鳴狗吠
<ol> <li>①「寥」表心意: カー 2</li> <li>③含蓄「雋」永: リロム</li> </ol>		<ul> <li>②感「慨」萬千:55</li> <li>④風景「綺」麗:く-</li> </ul>		臾高知之! (〈有所思〉)	
【3】2.朱熹,字元晦,名				【4】16.甲詩的主角遇到何事?	
①王維,字摩詰	②杜甫,字子美	③韓愈,字退之	④蘇軾,字子瞻		也震天災 ③怨天之
【2】3.下列「 」中的字	,何者正確?			【3】17.承上題,乙詩的詩意轉折	
①「珠」連九族	@大肆「抨」擊	③不甘寂「默」	④眼花「嘹」亂		0復相思     3聞君衣
【4】4.《管子・牧民・四 ①忠孝仁愛	維》提到「國有四維」 ②信義和平	<ul><li>,所謂「四維」,下列何</li><li>③仁義禮智</li></ul>	「者正確? ④禮義廉恥	【4】18.請比較甲、乙兩詩,下歹 ①兩詩皆為近體詩	间敘述何者正確? ②兩詩
【1】5.「流觴曲水」之「	觴」,下列音義解釋何	者正確?		③甲詩多長短句,乙詩多採整	齊句式 ④兩詩
①音戸た,酒杯	_ ②音 <b>戸</b> た,酒壺	③音ーた・・美酒	④音ー大ノ、温泉	【3】19.下列各組「 」中的字義	宗,何老面面相同?
【2】6.不足掛□/恬不知	□/令人□冷。上列三	個□內,依序應填入下列		①「坐」愁紅顏老/「坐」享	
◎齒/齒/恥	②齒/恥/齒	③恥/齒/齒	④恥/齒/恥	②「相」迎不道遠,直至直風	沙/不恥「相」師
【3】7.下列「」中的字 ①「鮑」魚: <b>ケ</b> 幺		③「蝙」蝠:ケータ	④一「綹」秀髪:カロマ	③雞鳴不「已」於風雨/鞠躬 ④天下「其」有不亂,國家其	_
【3】8.「夫天地者,萬物				【1】20.下列各組詞語,何者意思	想相近?
①人無遠慮,必有近憂		②豹死留皮,人死留名 ②滞束,一,亡夷东王		①歲寒松柏/疾風勁草 ②行	
③人類渺小,生命短促 【2】0「浮生芋鹋,为敷		④謀事在人,成事在是 下別回老相同?	$\sim$	【2】21.「行行重行行,與君生別	
【2】9.「浮生若夢,為歡 ①君子立恆志,小人恆†		计学师的有个时间(		用這段典故,描寫主角哪一種 ①天人永隔的哀慟 ②分	
②對酒當歌,人生幾何?				【2】22.下列文句「 」中詞語的	
③固知一死生為虛誕,齊				①歌唱比賽參賽者的演唱扣人	
			當現在才終於學會如何放手	②他非「一朝一夕」走上歧途	_
			李 [ ☆月 - 日	③他們夫妻貌合神離,彼此「	_
		②敲擊「羯」鼓/求請 ④得「隴」望蜀/「賣		④科技日新月異和資訊媒體發展	
3】11.下列各組詞語「				【2】23.下列何者的「恥」字,不 ①行己有「恥」         ②不	
		②馳「イム∨」千里/	∕好勝「 <b>彳∠∨</b> 」強	【4】24.「生乎吾前,其聞道也,	-
			笶/「□−− ケ」滅人性	①惑而不從「師」	2。可止于号,号征间即之。〕 ②「師」
【1】12.有關「黜陟不聞」	的意義,下列選項何者			③愛其子,擇「師」而教之	
		②品德好壞,不加聞 @ 翻题對佐, 不加聞		【4】25.任何一種抽象的觀念、情	<b>洞</b> 觑看不見的事物,不直接
③命運吉凶,不加聞問		④學習勤情,不加聞問, 何考定形再再相同?	믜	透過某種具體形象作媒介,間	
【2】13.下列各組詞語「 ①春心「 <b>カオヽ</b> 」漾 /		・ 何 看 子 形 兩 兩 相 向 ( ② 更 勝 一 「 <b>イ ヌ ィ</b> 」	/一「イマノ」草展	①「鴿子」銜來橄欖枝:高風 ③出淤泥而不染的「蓮花」:希	
_	—	_	/ 「「××」 烈 / 徬「 <b>「×</b> ★・」 無助	◎山巛/心回介末時 建化」・什	
,					【請接續

或問:「暫住何煩爾?」王嘯詠良久,直指竹曰:「何可一日無此君?」 善吹笛,而不相識。遇桓於岸上過,王在船中,客有識之者云:「是 |君善吹笛,試為我一奏。| 桓時已貴顯,素聞王名,即便回下車, 去。客主不交一言。

竹子遮蔭 ②王子猷的家人喜歡竹子,他因此同意大量種植 己的人格 ④王子猷答應房子的主人,種竹以報答借屋之恩

·猷的名聲 ③想以絕技勝過王子猷 ④船中另有他想見之人

無陵,江水為竭,冬雷震震,夏雨雪,天地合,乃敢與君絕。(〈上邪〉) 雙珠玳瑁簪。用玉紹繚之。聞君有他心,拉雜摧燒之。摧燒之,當風 與君絕!雞鳴狗吠,兄嫂當知之。妃呼狶!秋風肅肅晨風飔,東方須

- ③怨天尤人 ④熱戀盟誓
- ④雙珠玳瑁簪 ③聞君有他心
- ②兩詩皆表達對愛情的堅貞不渝 ④兩詩皆以女子角度表達強烈直接的情感

乎 / 愚人之所以為愚,「其」皆出於此乎

圖毅木訥 ③世俗中人/方外之士 ④稍欲通解/囫圇吞棗

用屈原〈少司命〉:「悲莫悲兮生別離,樂莫樂兮新相知。」作者運

感苦 ③初識知音的喜悅 ④配偶背叛的哀傷

爭「靡靡之音」,令人如癡如醉

派,如今要金盆洗手,恐怕不容易

, 過去甜蜜的日子早已不復存在了

人多「人心不古」,更能接受時代變遷

③士大夫之無「恥」 ④「恥」之於人大矣

,吾從而師之。」其中「師」與下列何者相同?

②「師」道之不傳也久矣

④吾「師」道也,夫庸知其年之先後生於吾乎

見的事物,不直接予以指明,而由於理性的關聯、社會的約定,從而 述的表達方式,稱為「象徵」。下列事物的象徵意義,何者說明正確? ②越冷越開花的「梅花」:孤芳自賞

④我輕輕地招手,作別西天的「雲彩」:美好時光

【請接續背面】

# 貳、英文【四選一單選選擇題 25 題,占 50 分】

## 一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案】

[2] 26. This is really	, so be sure to send i	t by express mail as soo	n as possible.					
① harsh	2 urgent	③ reliable	(4) common					
[2] 27. This company treats its very well, giving them better pay and welfare.								
① employs	<sup>②</sup> employees	③ employers	(4) employments					
[3] 28. Her son's death			_ from it for the rest of her life.					
① forbid	<sup>②</sup> parallel	③ recover	④ hesitate					
[4] 29. The stor								
	<sup>②</sup> delicate	-						
[2] 30. These teams must against each other before one of them wins the championship.								
① approve	r -							
[3] 31. We think the seller's is reasonable, and decide to buy 2000 pieces of the product at a time.								
1 debt	<sup>②</sup> receipt	-	④ fund					
[2] 32. When using a new machine, always read the and follow the instructions step by step.								
① script		*						
[1] 33. If you keep being								
① jeopardize	<sup>②</sup> mislead	③ bolster	④ tangle					
二、文法測驗【請在下3	列各題中選出最適當的	答案】						
			nes were very different					
① with others	<sup>②</sup> with others'	③ from others	④ from others'					
[3] 35. It was 1		g outdoors was frozen.	④ much colder					
	<sup>②</sup> very cold							
[2] 36. Since you won't be back from Japan until next week, do you mind at your apartment for a few								
more days while you								
① staying		③ I stay	④ if staying					
[4] 37 music i	_							
① Listen		e e	④ Listening to					
[2] 38. Dennis was very muchwhen he saw the man sitting next to him kept shaking his leg.								
① annoy			(4) annoyingly					
[3] 39. John doesn't pl								
① is	© be	③ were						
(1) 40difficult	-							
① However		③ Even though						
こ、古漏字測驗【請依日	招辟孩上下文音,撰出	最调堂的公案】						

#### 三、克漏字测驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

The famous British detective Sherlock Holmes was a fictional character, but to the famous 41 William Gilette, Holmes was very real. Gilette portrayed Holmes on stage more than 1,300 times. Gradually and slowly he began to 42 many of the detective's thoughts and habits.

In 1931, Gilette designed an unusual castle which reflects his 43 with Sheclock Holmes. It is filled with wooden locks operated by hidden springs. There is an elaborate system of mirrors that allows a person to see around the room without being spotted when standing in the right position. Also, there is in the study of the castle a secret panel which may help Gilette 44 any visitors he doesn't want to meet.

In the castle, Gilette also puts things 45 as how Holmes did. A violin, like the one the detective played, is left out in a rocking chair. An old newspaper lies open on the rug to give visitors the feeling that Holmes and his partner Dr. Watson have just left the room to go out on a big case.

[2] 41. ① painter	<sup>②</sup> actor	③ writer	④ architect	
[1] 42. ① take on	<sup>②</sup> give up	③ put off	④ do without	
[3] 43. ① suspension	<sup>②</sup> influence	③ fascination	④ magnitude	
【1】 44. ① shun	<sup>©</sup> applaud	③ tickle	④ preserve	
<b>[</b> 4 <b>]</b> 45. ① in opposite w	vay	② six feet under		
③ in special or	ler	④ in similar arrangement		

### 四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

It's only about thirty-six centimeters tall, but to fans throughout the world, it represents the highest achievement in football. Every four years, teams from all over the globe contend to take home the FIFA World Cup trophy. Yet, today nobody can take it home because the 18-carat gold trophy is kept under lock by FIFA, the international football association. The champion teams receive only a replica, in order to protect the valuable prize from thieves, who have stolen the trophy twice in its nearly 90-year history.

The original trophy was made by a French sculptor and was called "Jules Rimet Cup" in honor of the founder of the World Cup tournament. During World War II, it was kept in a shoe box hidden under the bed of Dr. Ottorino Barassi, the Italian vice-president of FIFA, to prevent it from falling into the hands of the Nazi army.

In 1966, the trophy was stolen during a public showing prior to the tournament in England. Luckily, it was found a short time later in a trash container by a dog. Four years later, Brazil earned permanent possession of the original trophy by winning its third World Cup title. Unfortunately, the trophy was stolen a second time in 1983 and never came back, so Brazil had to make a duplicate trophy as replacement.

After Brazil's football association won the honor and right to keep the first World Cup trophy, a new one, designed by an Italian artist, was introduced in 1974. This trophy cannot be won outright but remains at the hands of FIFA, which watches it closely. Today, World Cup winners are awarded a replica that is gold-plated, rather than solid gold like the real one.

This new trophy weighs a little over six kilograms. Its base contains two layers of a stone called malachite, and has room for seventeen small plaques bearing the names of the winning teams - enough space to honor the champions up to the year 2038. After that, another new trophy will have to be made.

[2] 46. Why can nobody take home the real World Cup trophy today?

- ① Because the trophy will be damaged if too many people touch it.
- <sup>②</sup> Because it may get stolen more easily if the winning team takes it home.
- <sup>③</sup> Because only a three-time FIFA World Cup champion can do so.
- ④ Because FIFA wants to show it to the public for more income.

[4] 47. Who is Jules Rimet?

- ① The French sculptor of the first FIFA World Cup trophy.
- <sup>(2)</sup> The Italian vice-president of FIFA during World War II.
- ③ The Brazilian team captain in the 1970 FIFA World Cup.
- ④ The person who started the FIFA World Cup tournament.
- [4] 48. Which of the following is true about the first original World Cup trophy? ① It was designed by an Italian designer.
  - ② It was stolen only once but retrieved soon.
  - ③ The Nazi army once had it during World War II.

  - ④ Brazil was allowed to keep it forever but had it stolen later.
- [3] 49. Which of the following is true about the second original World Cup trophy?
  - ① It was stolen once in 1983 but never found again.
  - <sup>(2)</sup> World Cup champions can only take home a gold plate as replacement for the trophy.
  - ③ FIFA started using it in 1974 and no winning team can take it home.
- ④ Brazil had to pay for this second trophy for having lost the first one.
- [3] 50. Why will a new World Cup trophy need to be made after 2038? ① Because FIFA and fans worldwide anticipate to see a new design of the trophy.
  - <sup>2</sup> Because World Cup players have been complaining that the current trophy is too heavy.
  - ③ Because there is limited space on the current trophy for the names of champion teams.
  - <sup>(4)</sup> Because the stone material of the current trophy is gradually worn out by air and humidity.