臺灣中小企業銀行 103 年度新進人員甄選試題

甄選類組【代碼】: 六職等一般行員【F6202】、五職等一般行員(一)(二)(三)【F6203~F6211】

十職等行動裝置系統分析師【F6212】、十職等資料分析系統分析師 【F6213】、六職等資訊人員【F6214】、五職等資訊人員【F6215】

普通科目:英文

		*>	·場通知書號碼:	[3] 19. I don't know whom	Peter can talk to. Ever	rybody knows that he
注意:①作答前須檢查答	答案卡、入場通知書編號	、桌角號碼、應試類組力	是否相符,如有不同應立即請監試人	① a few	② a little	3 few
員處理,否則ス	下予計分。			[2] 20. By the end of 1960s	s, the population of Taiw	an into more
②本試卷一張雙西	面,皆為四選一單選選擇:	題。共50題,每題2分	,限用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答,	① grow	② had grown	3 has grown
請選出取週留名 ③ 赫勿於父安上	答案,答錯不倒扣;未作·妻官姓名、A 县通知聿》	合者,个卫訂分。 烏號或與答案無關之任何:	文字式 姓驰。	[4] 21. My parents and I	live in a small tow	n when I was a child.
④ 胡勿以合来下工	- 百两姓石·八物坦邓首 《 声用簡易刑雷子計算器(7	丽妮 以外合来無關之任何。 K.且任何財務承數、工程	函數功能、儲存程式功能),但不得	① are used to	② have been used to	3 were used to
發出聲響;若原	医考人於測驗時將不符規	定之電子計算器放置於	桌面或使用,經勸阻無效,仍執意使	[3] 22. Please give me a ca	ll you receive an	y further information
用者,該節扣	10分;該電子計算器並同	由監試人員保管至該節測	驗結束後歸還。	① as	② for	3 once
⑤答案卡務必繳回	回,未繳回者該科成績以	零分計算。		[1] 23. Never such	a jerky comment made b	efore by any governn
一、字彙【請依照句子前	前後文意,選出最適當的名	答案】		① have I heard	② heard I	3 I have heard
[2] 1. Mary felt obligate	ed to make to her no	eighbor when her pets destr	oyed his well-maintained garden.	[1] 24. With his retroflex N	Mandarin accent, he has b	een often a i
	② reparation			① taken for		C
	_	it more power on the road.		[1] 25. All our teachers a	and professors in the so	chool always remind
	② plugs	=	_	determination to make our		
		rapidly, which may lead to	a rise in its price.	① come true	_	
	② presumption			[3] 26. Tina's honesty mad		
[3] 4. One of the concer	rns for alcoholism is the	of long-lasting drinking	g, which harms one's liver and brain.	① is respected	-	-
		3 affection		[2] 27. I know Kelly will b		
[2] 5. The quality control	ol department insists that ev	very item manufactured sho	uld to the specified standard.	① tell	•	
① escape	② conform	3 describe		[4] 28. The latest Flash Mo	_	e number of people
[2] 6. In the per	formance of Jane in our dep	partment, we should conside	er the fact that she has been here only for	out-of-towners on a bus to		
	adjusting herself to all the v			① invading; pretended		
		3 delineating		[2] 29 in her best	-	•
-		•	sations against him are all cleared.	① Dress	② Dressed	
	② conjectured		withheld	[4] 30. The cheetah is said		
			extremely about the future.	① more fastest	@ faster	③ the most faster
	② allusive		exclusive	a barrahantak Wahasara	m + +	™ وطبطية في فإن مذي
	-	into buying worthless good		三、克漏字測驗【請依照戶	发洛上下文意,選出最	適當的答案】
① bouts		③ lairs		第一篇:		
			; they complained that they had been	Minister of Technol	ogy Phillip Paulwell is	Jamaica's highest aut
	s because of their superviso		Ø	official website needed m	najor updating, and no or	ne in his entire office
•		③ recruitment	4 appraisai	Whom did he 31	? A 13-year-old Jamai	can kid named Makor
	is an important for @ foundation	© humidity	④ limitation	<u>32</u> the office with	his mother, who had	a business meeting
① commodity		•		information for the websi	te. Paulwell was so3	that he gave Ma
goal even after years of	-	e is placed in front of them	while others continue to pursue a	-	nd ways to bring high-	•
① punctually	② persistently	3 perceptually	(4) indolently	reports to Paulwell on th		s from computer mag
•	- ·	·	re hurt or upset in events such as	teaching Jamaicans to be		
car accidents.	medines need to help peop	ic caim down when they ar	e nuit of upset in events such as		ying with his mother's c	_
① traumatic	② transactional	③ traditional	4 tractable	would happen," he says.		
			on. In fact, the National Aeronautics and	hours typing to his online	friends. "Then when I'd	messed something up
		tested their lunar vehicles t		he says.		
① straight	② strained	③ speculated	spectacular	[2] 21 ① page by	② turn to	3 got over
•		-	les, 45 percent of Taiwanese sports fans	[2] 31. ① pass by		③ get over
	forces affect the outcome of		, r	[4] 32. ① browsing	② looking	③ seeing
① poster	② poll	3 photosynthesis	④ photograph	[3] 33. ① released	② abjured	③ impressed
		1 •		[2] 34. ① offer	② offers	3 to offer
				【1】35. ① fix	② get	3 put

	二、立注測驗【結左下列久期	i中灈山县滴岑的父安】				
		二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】 【4】16. All of us wonder why they are so late as they here early this morning.				
١,						
				trousers," described by a witness.		
	① is tucked					
	[3] 18. While we were waiting	were waiting for his coming, all of us stood at the busy corner, merely at passers-by.				
	① look	looked	③ looking	having looked		
	【3】19. I don't know whom Pet	ter can talk to. Everybo	ody knows that he has	friends in the campus.		
人	人 ① a few ②	a little	③ few	4 little		
[2] 20. By the end of 1960s, the population of Taiwan into more than fourteen millions.						
. ,	① grow	had grown	3 has grown	4 will grow		
	[4] 21. My parents and I	live in a small town w	hen I was a child.	-		
得				4 used to		
使		you receive any fu	orther information about th	ie case.		
		o for		4 till		
[1] 23. Never such a jerky comment made before by any government official.						
	① have I heard	heard I	③ I have heard	④ I heard		
[1] 24. With his retroflex Mandarin accent, he has been often a mainlander from Beijing.						
			3 taking for			
[1] 25. All our teachers and professors in the school always remind us that we must have enough c				_		
determination to make our dreams						
	① come true		3 to come true	4 to come truly		
	[3] 26. Tina's honesty made he	,				
	① is respected ②	•		4 to respect		
				saw her boyfriend seeing another girl.		

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

第一篇:

Minister of Technology Phillip Paulwell is Jamaica's highest authority on high tech, but last year the nation's official website needed major updating, and no one in his entire office could do it.

③ invaded; pretending

4 told

To dress

4 the fastest

_ running mammal on earth, with a top sprinting speed of 70 miles per hour.

a shoe boutique, all noisily

④ invading; pretending

Whom did he ? A 13-year-old Jamaican kid named Makonnen Hannah. Makonnen happened to be 32 the office with his mother, who had a business meeting with Paulwell. He quickly uploaded new

information for the website. Paulwell was so 33 that he gave Makonnen a job as adviser.

Makonnen helps find ways to bring high-tech education and jobs to Jamaica. Every Monday morning he reports to Paulwell on the latest technology news from computer magazines, and 34 his own suggestions for teaching Jamaicans to be more computer-smart.

Makonnen began toying with his mother's computer when he was very young. "I'd press a button to see what would happen," he says. Makonnen soon found that Web bulletin boards were a good place to meet kids. He spent hours typing to his online friends. "Then when I'd messed something up on the computer, I had to learn to 35 it," he says.

(2)	31. ① pass by	② turn to	3 get over	④ come up
[4]	32. ① browsing	② looking	3 seeing	visiting
[3]	33. ① released	② abjured	③ impressed	
[2]	34. ① offer	② offers	3 to offer	offering
[1]	35. ① fix	② get	3 put	4 hit

【請接續背面】

第二篇:

A powerful earthquake struck an area near the northern coast of Chile on Wednesday. The earthquake came a day after an even stronger quake hit the area. The earlier quake was <u>36</u> for at least six deaths. The United States Geological Survey says a 8 magnitude aftershock hit northern Chile late Wednesday night, local time. Magnitude is a <u>37</u> of the energy released at the center, or source, of an earthquake. U.S. officials said the aftershock was centered about 23 kilometers south of the port of Iquique which is home <u>38</u> nearly 200,000 people. They said it struck at a <u>39</u> of 20 kilometers below sea level. Thousands of people were <u>40</u> from the coastal areas. However, the order and the tsunami warnings were later canceled.

[1]	36. ① blamed	② blasted	3 embraced	④ described
[2]	37. ① treatment	② measurement	3 sediment	4 temperament
[3]	38. ① against	② about	3 to	4 from
[2]	39. ① temperature	② depth	3 weight	④ speed
[4]	40. ① assembled	② exploited	3 frustrated	evacuated

四、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

第一篇:

Ecotourism represents a set of principles that have been successfully implemented in various global communities, and are supported by extensive industry and academic research. The following definition of ecotourism, established by TIES in 1990, is the most widely used and recognized definition of ecotourism: "responsible travel to natural areas that conserves the environment and improves the well-being of local people" (TIES, 1990). Ecotourism is an important and growing segment of the global tourism industry that is making significant positive contributions to the environmental, social, cultural and economic well-being of destinations and local communities around the world. Furthermore, ecotourism has provided an **impetus** to assist in greening the tourism industry on many fronts.

Ecotourism advocates for the well-being of local people, and requires that it "provides direct financial benefits and empowerment for local people," as stated in the following principles of ecotourism: Principles of Ecotourism (TIES, 1990) - Ecotourism is about connecting conservation, communities, and sustainable travel. This means that those who implement and participate in ecotourism activities should follow the following ecotourism principles:

- Minimize impact;
- Build environmental and cultural awareness and respect;
- Provide positive experiences for both visitors and hosts;
- Provide direct financial benefits for conservation;
- Provide financial benefits and empowerment for local people;
- Raise sensitivity to host countries' political, environmental, and social climate

Ecotourism, when properly executed based on the above principles, exemplifies the benefits of socially and environmentally sound tourism development described in the article as "community tourism." The terms community-based tourism and community-based ecotourism are commonly used to describe the type of tourism that, recognizing the significant social, environmental and economic impacts tourism can have, primarily focuses on tourism's benefits to local communities. "Community tourism," therefore, strongly aligns with ecotourism, which fosters responsible practices where the local community significantly participates in the development and management of tourism, and empowers local citizens to utilize natural and cultural resources in a sustainable manner.

- [1] 41. What is this article mainly about?
 - ① What is "ecotourism" and how people can practice it by following the principles.
 - ② What is "community-based tourism" in relation to ecology.
 - 3 Principles of ecotourism and economic development.
 - 4 How to make contributions to the local community.
- [1] 42. Which of the followings is closest in meaning to the word "**impetus**" in the first paragraph?
- ① A drive.
- ② A wish.
- 3 A limit.
- A character.

- [3] 43. What might **NOT** be a practice based on the principles of ecotourism?
 - ① Leave no trace by bringing back all the garbage with you while mountain climbing.
 - ② Have total quantity control at world heritage sites.
 - ③ Mandate consumption of souvenirs at local gift shops.
 - Make voluntary donations to local tourism organization.
- [4] 44. Which of the following statements is **NOT** a purpose of the article?
- ① Respect local cultures and communities.
- ② Raise awareness of host countries' social, environmental and political climate.
- 3 Mitigate potential negative impact on local communities.
- Enforce commission and kickbacks for tour managers.
- [2] 45. Which of the followings might **NOT** be related to "ecotourism"?
 - ① Community tourism. ② Culinary tourism. ③ Geotourism. ④ Sustainable tourism.

第二篇:

"Think green!" We have all heard of this slogan many times, but do we understand what it means? Climate change is real and will affect us and the planet, so maybe it's time to do something about it. A great way is to turn off the electronics in our homes and spend time doing other activities instead of watching TV or surfing the Internet. The planet is helped because we are using less energy. And if we are not using our electronic devices, we will have time to exercise, connect with our friends, and develop other interests and hobbies.

Another way is to plant an organic vegetable garden. This way, the gardener gets exercise, time outdoors in the fresh air, the satisfaction of raising food, as well as the benefit of eating well. In addition, when you garden organically, you won't use toxic chemicals and pesticides. This will keep our water clean and ensure that small animals, birds, and beneficial insects are not harmed.

Supporting green projects can help the planet, too. Even if we can't afford solar energy panels or an electric car, we can encourage governments and businesses to use energy from solar power or to build fewer roads and more bicycle lanes. Or we can volunteer for projects in our own communities, such as cleaning our green spaces and rivers. In this way, we can get exercise while we work to create a cleaner place to enjoy nature.

We can each be a small part of the solution to environmental problems. If we start with our everyday choices, we can "think green," "act green," and "support green."

- [1] 46. What would be the best title for this passage?
 - ① Think Green and Live Healthy.
 - ② Less Electronics, Better Health.
 - 3 Solar Energy as the Answer to Environmental Problems.
 - 4 Benefits of Organic Gardening.
- [4] 47. Which of the following is **NOT** a potential benefit of switching off our electronics at home?
 - ① We could get more exercise.
 - ② We could foster other hobbies and interests.
 - 3 We could reduce energy consumption.
 - We could connect with friends online.
- [2] 48. Why is planting an organic vegetable garden an effective way of "Thinking Green"?
 - ① It promotes the sales of pesticides.
 - ② It reduces the use of poisonous chemicals.
 - ③ It helps change the climate.
 - ① It keeps the gardeners from being harmed by the beneficial insects.
- [3] 49. Based on the passage, how can we help support green projects?
 - ① By building bicycle lanes by ourselves.
 - ② By getting more exercises.
 - 3 By cleaning parks and rivers.
 - By selling electric cars.
- [2] 50. Which of the following statements is true based on the passage?
 - ① The use of electronics consumes the most energy in the world.
 - ② The concept of "Thinking Green" has been advocated for quite some time.
 - ③ Organic gardening is rather profitable.
 - Solar energy panels are generally inexpensive.