彰化銀行 104 年第二次新進人員甄試試題

甄試類別【代碼】:類組全【H8601~ H8605】 普通科目:國文及英文

*請填寫入場通知書編號:__

注意:①作答前須檢查	答案卡、入場通知書編號	、座位標籤號碼、甄試	類別是否相符,如有不同應立即請
監試人員處理,否則不予計分。			
②本試卷一張雙面,皆為四選一單選選擇題。共50題,每題2分。限用2B鉛筆在「答案卡」上作			
	·適當答案,答錯不倒扣;		
	·書寫應考人姓名、入場通		
			圣函數功能、儲存程式功能),但不 於桌面或使用,經勸阻無效,仍執
	右應考入於測驗时將不行; 節扣10分;該電子計算器	- , .	
	回,未繳回者該節以零分		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	題,每題2分,共計2		
【1】1.下列各組詞語,	「」內字音完全相同的是:		
①「驀」然回首/體察		◎堆「砌」詞藻 /「鍥	」而不捨
③「揠」苗助長/風谷		④笑「靨」迷人/貪得	
【3】2.下列各組「」内	字形完全相同的是:	_	-
①揣「ㄇਟˊ」上意∠	/「nc´」棱兩可	②「ㄓㄨ」連九族/錙	「出メ」必較
③百尺竿「去ヌ´」/	/「	④寵命優「メて`」/	∕運籌帷「メて`」
【4】3.下列文句,用字	完全正確的是:		
①這件事不難,待我排	丁通關節,自然水到期成、	迎任而解	
②調查取樣務必審慎	,避免以偏蓋全,造成誤導		
③他的想法很有見地	,與時下的年輕人迴然不同		
④從檢驗報告來看,任	也已病入膏肓,情況很不樂	觀	
【1】4.下列各組成語,	何者意義相反?		
①投鞭斷流/兵微將家	事	②八面玲瓏/長袖善舞	
③入木三分/鞭辟入褚	里	④馬齒徒增/時光虛摸	R
【2】5.下列文句,畫有	底線之成語使用恰當的選項	〔是:	
①這群人不是搶就是顯	扁,都是 <u>一時之選</u> ,實在沒	出息	
②這是我到歐洲旅遊常	带回來的手工藝品, <u>千里鵝</u>	<u>毛</u> ,請您收下	
③這部電影結尾由另一	一位導演接手完成, <u>狗尾續</u>	<u>貂</u> ,果然傑出	
④政策的形成要先廣復	数民意,領導者方能 <u>師心自</u>	<u>用</u> ,克竟全功	
【2】6.《荀子·勸學》	:「蓬生麻中,不扶而直;	白沙在涅,與之俱黑。	」意在說明:
①不入虎穴,焉得虎-	F	②近朱者赤,近墨者黑	1
③鞠躬盡瘁,死而後E		④如臨深淵,如履薄冰	<
【3】7.下列文句中的「	舉」字,何者與「羲農去我	成久,舉世少復真」的「	舉」字涵義相同:
①百廢待「舉」	◎「舉」例說明	③「舉」國聞名	④一「舉」得男
【1】8.有關文句的解釋	,下列何者正確?		
①「雄兔腳撲朔,雌乡	兔眼迷離」:指雄兔腳毛蓬鬆	《,雌兔眼睛瞇縫	
②「新人雖云好,未ネ	告故人姝」:指新婦比舊婦容	系貌姣好,顏色姝麗	
③「瓜田不納履,李 ⁻	下不正冠」:指在瓜田或李樹	胡附近徘徊,容易迷路	
④「憂來如尋環,匪即	席不可卷」:指憂愁如製席的	7纖維般堅韌,無法遷就	
【3】9.「青春時/我是	:□□的射手/自負有千萬支	友箭/就無的放矢/自以	為豪放/終於/射盡了囊中之箭」,
上引詩句中的□□,	應填入:		
①怯懦	②勇敢	③盲目	④精準

容歌詠的是:		
①蘇武	② 王昭君	③諸葛
【4】11.「子曰:『晏	平仲善與人交,久而敬之	2。』」這句語
①超越語言的友誼	 ,是最值得珍惜的 	②時間
③晏平仲擅長與人緣	維持長時間的友誼	④與晏
【2】12.「戰國時,齊	「威王採納鄒忌建議,廣開	乳諷諫之路 。
進;期年之後,雖後	欲言, 無可進者。 燕、 趙	、韓、魏聞之
0千里	②朝廷	③邦交
【2】13.「蘧伯玉使人	於孔子。孔子與之坐而問	『焉・曰『夫
出。子曰:『使乎	!使乎!』」上述引文中	連用兩個「乎
0不平	2讚嘆	③疑問
	[者沒有相互比較的關係?	
①惟其義盡,所以伯		②天荒
③總得苔遮猶慰意		④陶侃
	[者不是以聲音襯托四周的	
①蟬噪林逾靜,鳥		②月出
③飛鳥去不窮,連L		 ④空山 ① 空山
	·茉莉相對各自紫其紫白非	も日,我変手
	「白」之詞性依序為:	のまたゴ
		②動詞
③名詞、動詞、名詞 【2】17 下列關於「期	可、動詞 望或目的」的公文用語,	④名詞
	1至或日时」可公文用語, ②請 核示	取過用於 3 ③請
	》, _《 小 小說的歇後語,解釋「錯	
①林沖上梁山/官道		□厌」□∫定・ ②劉備
③關公舞大刀/不出		④ 八戒
	新不到」的「無所不到」	
法?		
①不恥則「無所不為		②狷者
	~	
【4】20.「陽光的酒調	 得很淡,卻很醇,淺淺地	也斟在每一個相
①視覺、聽覺	②聽覺、嗅覺	③嗅覺
【4】21.「范仲淹□□	□□的開闊胸襟,令人敬	如佩不已。」
①冰壺秋月	② 山高水長	③光風
【2】22.孟春是指農曆	一月,有關時間的表示,	下列何者正研
①仲春是指農曆三月	引 ② 仲夏是指農曆五	门 ③季秋
【1】23.「有石城十仞	1,湯池百步,帶甲百萬,	而亡粟,弗能
①發展農業	②充實邊防	③勤於
【3】24.「醉裡挑燈看	□,夢回吹角連營。八百	国生分麾下炙
	君王天下事,赢得生前身	
	@月、短	
	用說明,下列何者正確?	
①「弄瓦徵祥」: 賀	'新屋落成	②「之

 ①「弄瓦徵祥」: 賀新屋落成
 ②「之子于歸」: 賀同事升官

 ③「合卺之喜」: 賀朋友新婚
 ④「百子圖開」: 賀新店開張

注主+☆/声ゴ

【1】10.「為臣惟命敢辭難,脫遇艱難亦自安。試看子卿持節處,雪花如席不知寒。」上引元朝張養浩的詩,內

- ●文天祥
 話的主要涵義,與下列何者最接近:
 司是考驗彼此友誼的最佳試金石
 桑平仲交往越久,越尊敬他的為人
 令初下,群臣進諫,門庭若市;數月之後,時時而間
 乙,皆朝於齊。此所謂戰勝於□□。」□□中應填入:
 ④軍機
 注一何為?』對曰:『夫子欲寡其過而未能也。』使者
 乎」字表達何種語氣?
 ④不滿
- 記地變心雖折,若比傷春意未多 記之賢,且惜分陰;又況聖賢不如彼者乎
- |驚山鳥,時鳴春澗中
- |不見人,但聞人語響
- 宙間的這立錐之地遠勝皇苑。」上引文句中的「紫」
- |、名詞、動詞、名詞
- 「、名詞、動詞、動詞
- 對上級機關或首長用」的選項是:
- 轉行照辦 ④請 辦理見復
- 青借荊州/只借不還
- 就照鏡子/裡外不是人
- 定詞合用,形成肯定的意思,下列何者也是同樣的句
- 「「有所不為」也
- 杯形的小野花裡。」句中運用哪些感官摹寫:
- 味覺 ④味覺、視覺
- 其中□□□□,不宜填入:
- 【霽月 ④高山流水
- 確?
- 《是指農曆七月 ④孟冬是指農曆十二月
- 能守也」,其主張是:
- 教戰 ④建設為先
- ,五十弦翻塞外聲。沙場秋點兵。馬作的盧飛快,弓
 ∃髮□。」上文句中□內的字依序為:
- 生 ④花、滿
- 【請接續背面】

貳、英文【第 26-50 題,每題 2 分,共計 25 題;	,占 50 分】	
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一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案】

[3] 26. Traffic at rus	h hours is always,	but the city government	cannot find any effective solutions.
① iconic	^② equivalent	③ congested	④ detached

[4] 27. The university's campus landmark is its library with the roof.

① obscure ^② defensive ③ handful (4) vaulted

[3] 28. A five-hour ____ course is provided to the team that is asked to present their proposal in English to the client. Hopefully they can learn what is needed fast and effectively.

① deceased ⁽²⁾ descending ③ crash (4) chaotic

[2] 29. The price of gold suddenly in the past few weeks, not showing any sign of price drop yet.

> ③ blundered (4) evaded ^② spiked

, the new proposal has no hope to be approved by the committee. [1] 30. Without the general manager's ③ speculation (4) resident ① endorsement ^② viability

[3] 31. The particular cultural of Korean drama has been gradually winning recognition among fans. (4) inventory

① emergency ^② terrace ③ cachet [2] 32. The IT company recently announced a major in its product design.

① extravagant ⁽²⁾ breakthrough ③ monotony ④ stockyard

[4] 33. Some real estate developers are finding ways to local regulations by bribing government officials. ^② distribute ③ evacuate ① emerge (4) bypass

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

① plunged

① has to take

____ in Beijing, is soon to be transferred to our Taipei office. (4) 34. Mr. Johnson, _____

① being used to station	② was used to be stationed ③ who is used to station	④ who used to be stationed
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[2] 35. you want for lunch is completely fine with us.

^② Whatever ① That 3 Which ④ Whenever

[1] 36. John looked so exhausted this morning. He all night.

③ should have been up ④ should be up ① must have been up ② must be up

[1] 37. The project supervisor rather than his subordinates full responsibility for the mistake.

> ^② have to take ③ are taken ④ is taken

[3] 38. It seemed that our manager made decisions without considering the whole plan. He rarely reviewed the plan carefully,

① wasn't he ③ did he ④ didn't he ② was he

[1] 39. several times, the lab leader then decided to use different approaches.

① Having failed ^② To fail ③ Failed ^④ Had failed [3] 40. Neither the senior engineers nor the factory manager _ _ explain the delay.

① haven't able to ② were able to ③ was able to (4) hasn't able to

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

Meeting different people in the world of business can be rather challenging, even for someone who is experienced. For a new employee, sometimes this can be more than ____41___ he or she can deal with. There are some simple rules to remember and follow. First, greet people in a friendly manner. A simple and nice smile is the first good ____42___ made. When talking to new customers or colleagues, active listening is important. <u>43</u> do you want to make sure you get everything right, but you also want to show respect by paying attention to them. Making eye contact is often overlooked by many new workplace workers. If you do not make necessary eye contact, people may think you are trying to hide something. In addition, check your <u>44</u> and watch your posture. If you want to be treated seriously, you first have to make sure you are dressed appropriately for the occasion. Also, in a formal business situation, you need to show confidence and win others' trust in you, so in this case you have to sit up in your chair or stand up straight. Last but not least, avoid certain 45 topics, such as race, religion, and political beliefs. It is simply too easy to say the wrong thing. Remember, building business relationships is never easy. No matter how much experience you gain, there is always room to improve.

(2) 41. (1) that	② what	③ which	(4) when
[1] 42. ① impression	^② lounge	③ arrival	④ luxury
[4] 43. ^① As soon as	② Not until	③ As long as	④ Not only
[1] 44. ① attire	© salary	③ resume	④ slide
[3] 45. ① rehearsing	2 moderate	③ sensitive	④ humorous

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

You may have heard on the news about why sitting is bad for your health. According to recent research, sitting down all day just might be one of the worst things you can do for your physical well-being. There was a time when standing desks were a curiosity. Although some people might have attempted to make this an office norm, it was seldom seen inside a regular office setting.

Now, that's changed. In large part, this is due to research showing that the cumulative impact of sitting all day for years is associated with a range of health problems, from obesity to diabetes to cancer. Because the average office worker spends approximately 6 hours sitting each day at his or her desk, some even describe the problematic phenomenon with a new phrase, maybe somewhat exaggerated: "Sitting is the new smoking."

The **detrimental** health impacts of sitting—and the benefits of standing—appear to go beyond simple obesity. Many research studies have found that sitting for extended periods of time is correlated with reduced effectiveness in regulating levels of glucose in the bloodstream, part of a condition known as metabolic syndrome that dramatically increases the chance of type 2 diabetes. In addition, other studies arrived at the conclusion that for people already at risk of developing type 2 diabetes, the amount of time spent sitting could be a more important risk factor than the amount of time spent vigorously exercising.

Scientific evidence that sitting is bad for the cardiovascular system goes all the way back to the 1950s. Since then, scientists have found that adults who spend two more hours per day sitting have a 125 percent increased risk of health problems related to cardiovascular disease, including chest pain and heart attacks. Other work has found that men who spend more than five hours per day sitting outside of work and get limited exercise were at twice the risk of heart failure as those who exercise often and sit fewer than two hours daily outside of the office.

[2] 46. Which of the following is the purpose of the passage? ① To remodel the office with more standing desks.

^② To advocate more standing, avoiding lengthy sitting.

③ To boost office workers' morale and momentum by standing.

- ④ To help reduce fat-related diseases by working out more.
- [4] 47. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** a scientific fact? ① The more a person sits, the less effective it is to regulate blood glucose level. ² With two extra hours of sitting, the risk of heart attacks can be increased by a quarter. ③ One of the risk factors for diabetes is extended sitting.

[1] 48. The underlined word "<u>detrimental</u>" is closest in meaning to 1 harmful

③ long-lasting

④ Standing all day could increase physical discomfort and lower work efficiency. ⁽²⁾ beneficial (4) harmonious [3] 49. Which of the following health problems may **NOT** be associated with too much sitting? ① Fatness. ^② Cancer. ^③ Mental disabilities. ④ High blood pressure. [4] 50. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

① Most office workers now use standing desks for work.

^② People do not smoke as much as they did before.

③ The biggest risk factor of cancer is sitting, not smoking.

④ Extended sitting drastically increases the risk of heart failure.