

中華郵政股份有限公司 110 年職階人員甄試試題

職階／甄選類科【代碼】：專業職(二)外勤-郵遞業務【S0501-S0518】、

運輸業務【S0519-S0524】

第二節／共同科目：國文及英文

*入場通知書編號：

注意：①作答前請先檢查答案卡，測驗入場通知書編號、座位標籤、應試科目等是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理。使用非本人答案卡作答者，該節不予計分。

②本試卷一張雙面，四選一單選擇題共 50 題，每題 2 分，合計 100 分。限用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答，請選出一個正確或最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；以複選作答或未作答者，該題不予計分。

③請勿於答案卡上書寫姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。

④本項測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器（不具任何財務函數、工程函數、儲存程式、文數字編輯、內建程式、外接插卡、攝（錄）影音、資料傳輸、通訊或類似功能），且不得發出聲響。應考人如有下列情事扣該節成績 10 分，如再犯者該節不予計分。1.電子計算器發出聲響，經制止仍執意續犯者。2.將不符規定之電子計算器置於桌面或使用，經制止仍執意續犯者。

⑤答案卡務必繳回，未繳回者該節以零分計算。

壹、國文【四選一單選擇題，每題 2 分，共 50 分】

【2】1.下列「」中，何項的字音兩兩相同？

- ①「皺」紋／胡「謫」
- ②汗「垢」／「話」病
- ③打「顫」／花「壇」
- ④陰晴雨「霽」／心胸狹「隘」

【4】2.下列何項「」內的注音寫成國字，兩兩相同？

- ①選擇沉「ㄇㄛˋ」不代表我對你就「ㄇㄛˋ」不關心
- ②「ㄇㄛˋ」失鬼指的就是那些容易「ㄇㄛˋ」然行事的傢伙
- ③長期處在「ㄩ」餓狀態，怪不得他一副面黃「ㄩ」瘦的模樣
- ④諸葛亮任蜀相事必「ㄨㄥ」親，萬分辛勞，鞠「ㄨㄥ」盡瘁，死而後已

【4】3.李魁賢〈島嶼臺灣〉有言：「從空中鳥瞰／被你呈現肌理的美吸引／急切降落到你的身上／你是太平洋上的／美人魚／我永恆故鄉的座標」，理解正確的為：

- ①詩中的「你」指的是「想念的人」
- ②可見臺灣島得從空中鳥瞰才顯美麗
- ③作者想學習魯賓遜漂流到荒島獨居
- ④本詩旨在表達對故鄉的熱愛與頌揚

【1】4.下列何者為同義詞？

- ①朝日始出／晨光熹微
- ②花態柳情／枝殘葉敗
- ③綠煙紅霧／童山濯濯
- ④滄海桑田／依然故我

【3】5.下列文句中，沒有錯別字的為何？

- ①母親最愛各式各樣精緻的磁器或玻璃氣皿
- ②前人披荊斬擊，為我們開創了今日的生活
- ③燕、趙處秦革滅殆盡之際，可謂智力孤危
- ④他非常不幸碰到的是一位印相主義的上司

【2】6.閱讀下列《紅樓夢》的文字：「丫環們素日知道她的情性：無事悶坐，不是愁眉，便是長嘆，且好端端的，不知為著什麼，常常的便自淚不乾的」。推測文中的「她」是指：

- ①劉姥姥
- ②林黛玉
- ③王熙鳳
- ④薛寶釵

【3】7.「函關使不通，燕將重深宮。長虹貫白日，易水急寒風。壯髮危冠下，匕首地圖中。琴聲不可識，遺恨沒秦宮」。此五言詩歌詠的歷史人物為何？

- ①李斯
- ②李牧
- ③荊軻
- ④張良

【2】8.「愛過，方知情重」，隱含時間順序關係——先愛過，才知情重。下列文句中沒有時間關係的是：

- ①朝聞道，夕死可矣
- ②光陰者，百代之過客也
- ③十年寒窗無人問，一舉成名天下知
- ④今日割五城，明日割十城，然後得一夕安寢

【4】9.下列詞語何者用字正確？

- ①長途跋涉
- ②聲嘶力竭
- ③老少咸怡
- ④善男信女

【3】10.□蹤不明、□跡可疑、□事警察、意識□態，以上空格皆讀為ㄊㄨㄛˊ，應依序應填入：

- ①形、行、刑、型
- ②行、刑、形、型
- ③行、形、刑、型
- ④型、形、行、刑

【4】11.下列引號中的「左右」作「動詞」用的選項是：

- ①太后明謂「左右」
- ②去或不去，都讓我「左右」為難
- ③這件衣服的價錢，約百元「左右」
- ④他一向很有主見，別人很難「左右」他

【4】12.有關信封上的啟封詞，下列使用何者錯誤？

- ①對父母可用「安啟」
- ②對尊長可用「賜啟」
- ③對朋友用「大啟」、「台啟」
- ④對師長表示敬意用「敬啟」

【4】13.「咬定青山不放鬆，立根原在破巖中。千磨萬擊還堅勁，任爾東南西北風」。此詩敘述對象與下列何項相同？

- ①秋天／最容易受傷的記憶／霜齒一咬／噢／那樣輕輕／就咬出一掌血來
- ②你攀著樹／像牢不可破的信念一樣／向前進罷／像一個黎明的吹號者／爬上最高的山峰／吹起黎明的號角呵
- ③是的，我們很彆扭／不敢迎向／任何一種撫觸／一聽到誰的聲響迫近／便緊緊摺起自己／以密密的、小小的刺／護衛自己
- ④也只有沿著堅硬的環節／向天空，步步高升／才是你不變的志向／也只有綠，才是你一生想說的／那句話／在忠臣傳裡／才能讀到

【2】14.「小國寡民是□□的烏托邦，桃花源是□□□的理想國。」空格中應填入的人名為：

- ①莊子／白居易
- ②老子／陶淵明
- ③荀子／蘇東坡
- ④孔子／范仲淹

【4】15.有關《詩經》和《楚辭》的比較，下列敘述何者錯誤？

- ①《詩經》為韻文之祖；《楚辭》則開漢賦之先河
- ②《詩經》為北方文學之代表；《楚辭》為南方文學之代表
- ③《詩經》以四言為主；《楚辭》多六言、七言，且句子長短參差不齊
- ④《詩經》多寫個人情感，風格浪漫富於幻想；《楚辭》多寫社會生活，風格重寫實而富質樸精神

【第 16-20 題為題組】

妾髮初覆額，折花門前劇。郎騎竹馬來，遶床弄青梅。

同居長千里，兩小無嫌猜。十四為君婦，羞顏未嘗開。

低頭向暗壁，千喚不一回。十五始展眉，願同塵與灰。

常存抱柱信，豈上望夫臺？十六君遠行，瞿塘灩澦堆。

五月不可觸，猿聲天上哀。門前遲行跡，一一生綠苔。

苔深不能掃，落葉秋風早。八月蝴蝶黃，雙飛西園草。

感此傷妾心，坐愁紅顏老。早晚下三巴，預將書報家。

相迎不道遠，直至長風沙。——（李白〈長干行〉）

【3】16.下列詩句，何者透露了「年紀」的含意？

- ①八月蝴蝶黃
- ②願同塵與灰
- ③妾髮初覆額
- ④常存抱柱信

【1】17.下列成語，何者最可能是源自於本詩的典故？

- ①青梅竹馬
- ②前塵往事
- ③一葉知秋
- ④紅顏鶴髮

【2】18.下列各詩句，何者寫出了思婦的思念之情？

- ①折花門前劇
- ②苔深不能掃
- ③瞿塘灩澦堆
- ④同居長千里

【4】19.有關「五月不可觸，猿聲天上哀」的含意，下列何者正確？

- ①夫君五月罹難，當時猿啼淒厲
- ②五月天氣無法行船，只好被迫改期
- ③五月風浪大，沿途的猿猴啼叫聲令上天感到哀淒
- ④五月行船艱險，不時還有淒厲的猿啼聲自高山上傳來

【4】20.有關本詩的說明，下列何者正確？

- ①以作者的口吻，敘述夫妻離散之苦
- ②藉精采的對話，描繪人物性格，筆法流利
- ③全詩最後以兩人終於在長風沙相會，有圓滿的結果
- ④按時序發展，兼有敘事與抒情，寫一位年輕商人婦的愛情故事

【第 21-25 題為題組】

只說武松自與宋江分別之後，當晚投客店歇了。次日早起來，打火吃了飯，還了房錢，拴束包裹，提了哨棒，便走上路。尋思道：「江湖上只聞說及時雨宋公明，果然不虛！結識得這般弟兄，也不枉了！」

武松在路上行了幾日，來到陽穀縣地面。此去離縣治還遠。當日晌午時分，走得肚中饑渴，望見前面有一個酒店，挑著一面招旗在門前，上頭寫著五個字道：「三碗不過岡。」武松入到裡面坐下，把哨棒倚了，叫道：「主人家，快把酒來吃。」只見店主人把三隻碗，一雙箸，一碟熱菜，放在武松面前，滿滿篩一碗酒來。武松拿起碗一飲而盡，叫道：「這酒好生有氣力！主人家，有飽肚的？買些喫酒。」酒家道：「只有熟牛肉。」武松道：「好的切二三斤來喫酒。」店家去裡面切出二斤熟牛肉，做一大盤子，將來放在武松面前；隨即再篩一碗酒。武松喫了道：「好酒！」又篩下一碗。恰好喫了三碗酒，再也不來篩。

【2】21.依本文出現的人名判斷，本段選文最有可能摘錄自哪本小說？

- ①西遊記
- ②水滸傳
- ③聊齋誌異
- ④儒林外史

【4】22.依上文，下列何者為武松離開客店時發生的事？

- ①救火
- ②下雨
- ③飲酒
- ④帶防身棍棒

【1】23.依引文內容，武松對宋江的看法為何？

- ①值得交往
- ②名不副實
- ③不與置評
- ④白費心機

【3】24.下列何者是武松進入酒店時，店主人立刻端上桌的物品？

- ①一隻勺
- ②一碟涼拌
- ③三隻碗
- ④二斤牛肉

【4】25.文中述及「恰好喫了三碗酒，再也不來篩。」酒店不再篩酒的原因，下列推論何者最有可能？

- ①鄉野自製村酒，口味欠佳
- ②酒店存量有限，限喫三碗
- ③顧慮盤纏不足，不願供酒
- ④酒烈不宜多喝，以免誤事

【請接續背面】

貳、英文【四選一單選擇題 25 題，每題 2 分，共 50 分】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【3】26. Screaming or shouting at young kids is not a(n) _____ way to communicate with them.
① honest ② jealous ③ effective ④ measurable
- 【2】27. Ocean plastic may look like food to marine animals. Sea turtles, for example, often _____ flimsy, clear plastic bags for jellyfish
① include ② mistake ③ operate ④ maintain
- 【4】28. If you have any of those COVID-19 symptoms, you should wear a facemask and go to see a doctor _____.
① socially ② smoothly ③ normally ④ immediately
- 【4】29. It took a long time to organize that party but the results were so good that it was worth the _____.
① routine ② secret ③ tradition ④ effort
- 【4】30. I got my project done ahead of schedule, so now I have the _____ time to help with yours.
① primary ② exceptional ③ ordinary ④ spare
- 【4】31. This report shows how the Tech Giants of the U.S. may potentially _____ the presidential election.
① construct ② negotiate ③ demand ④ influence
- 【3】32. The clerk is very _____. She was able to talk my mother into buying an extra freezer.
① normal ② constant ③ persuasive ④ occasional
- 【2】33. Participants in the game are asked to invent a new _____ for measuring length to the nearest millimeter.
① thermometer ② instrument ③ remedy ④ criticism
- 【1】34. For those who take _____ in reading, the newly completed city library is a nice place to visit.
① delight ② tendency ③ mischief ④ gratitude

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【2】35. John's mother made him _____ his room even though he was reluctant to do so.
① to clean up ② clean up ③ cleaning up ④ cleaned up
- 【1】36. I found one shoe. Do you know where _____ one is?
① the other ② another ③ other ④ any
- 【2】37. I don't know Michael. I have neither talked to him _____ met him in person.
① or ② nor ③ so ④ either
- 【4】38. I still remember the summer _____ I went backpacking in Scotland with my colleagues.
① how ② where ③ why ④ when
- 【3】39. One of the reasons for his being late to work today is _____ he was stuck in a traffic jam for a while.
① what ② it ③ that ④ this
- 【4】40. When _____ about where he came from, the little boy burst out crying.
① asking ② asks ③ to ask ④ asked

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

Scientists are thrilled about some tiny, furry finds. They have discovered two new species of lemurs on Madagascar, an island 41 off the southeast coast of Africa.

The endangered animals are found only in Madagascar and a few of the country's nearby islands. Madagascar 42 some of the world's most exotic plants and animals. Lemurs live mainly in forest trees and are active at night.

One of the newly discovered creatures has wide eyes, is small enough to fit in a hand, and 43 from tree branch to tree branch in the dark. Its name means "good man" in Malagasy, the official language of Madagascar. The animal was 44 scientist Steve Goodman, who has been studying the tiny creatures in Madagascar for 20 years.

The other species is a giant mouse lemur with a bushy tail. Its name in Malagasy means "child." The scientists chose that name to 45 Madagascar's children to care for the many plants and animals in their country.

Finding a new lemur species is rare because many of the tiny creatures have become extinct. The recent find means that there are now 49 known species of lemurs in the wild.

- 【3】41. ① locating ② to locate ③ located ④ been located
【2】42. ① is based on ② is home to ③ is happy with ④ is made of
【1】43. ① bounces ② bouncing ③ bounced ④ bounce
【4】44. ① filled with ② dressed in ③ noted for ④ named after
【1】45. ① remind ② ignore ③ imagine ④ select

四、閱讀測驗

In the early days of his life, Eddie Chapman was a petty criminal that lived in England. He ran away from the army, stole, and even formed his own gang. His crimes landed him in jail, where he had little hope of continuing his criminal assets. He didn't stay in jail, however. When the Germans invaded England in the summer of 1940, Chapman, then 25, wrote them a letter stating his intentions to join the Germans as a spy to avoid troubles with the law in England.

After some consideration, the Germans proceeded to break Chapman out of jail, trained him, and sent him on a mission to blow up a British airplane factory. But, it seemed that Chapman still had some love for his country. Upon parachuting from a plane en route to completing his mission, Chapman turned himself in to the local police, and managed to convince the British that he was still on their side.

To fool the Germans, the British faked damage to the plane factory, and taught Chapman what to say when he went back to the Germans to appear successful. And Chapman did manage to appear successful. The Germans loved the double-agent so much that they awarded him with a war award, gave him vast sums of money, and even gave him promotion.

The British, however, did not love Chapman quite as much. As Chapman was not secretive about his sources of income, the British saw him as a **liability**, and eventually dismissed the spy in 1944. Chapman then returned to his former life of crime, assuming that as he now held secrets to the British, he could probably bargain his way out of the arms of the law. The following years were spent avoiding punishment from the British law enforcement.

Chapman eventually settled down in 1953 after he managed to release his war stories. He got married, had a daughter, and quietly lived the rest of his life as a businessman until his heart gave out in 1997.

- 【2】46. What is the purpose of the article?
① To tell how the British tricked the Germans.
② To tell the life of a successful spy in World War Two.
③ To tell how ungrateful the British could be to their spies.
④ To tell how a criminal could earn respect from the government.
- 【1】47. How did Chapman manage to capture the attention of the Germans in the beginning?
① He managed to contact the Germans from jail.
② He managed to steal money from the Germans.
③ He fought the Germans when they invaded England.
④ The Germans had already heard of his troubles with the law.
- 【2】48. How did Chapman get the Germans to think he completed his missions?
① He blew up the British plane factory.
② He cooperated with the British secretly.
③ He pretended to get caught by the British police.
④ He used his quick wit to bluff the Germans on his own.
- 【3】49. What does the word "**liability**" in the fourth paragraph most likely mean?
① A source of income.
② An interesting person.
③ A potential problem.
④ A faithful friend.
- 【4】50. Why did the British dismiss Chapman in 1944?
① Because he was a former criminal.
② Because he was trusted by the Germans.
③ Because he was very helpful to the British.
④ Because he was too open about what he should have kept silent.