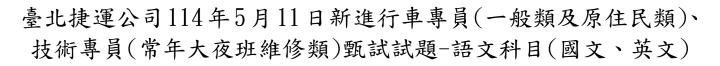
臺北捷運公司114年5月11日新進行車專員(一般類及原住民類)、技術專員(常年大夜班維修類)甄試試題-語文科目(國文、英文)

				請務必填寫姓名:· 應考編號:·
			Ans.	選擇題:每題2分,共50題,計100分
1.	[]	[2]	以下文句,何者 <u>沒有</u> 錯字? (1)只要在向前一步就能找到解決方法 (2)保持態度和藹可親比較容易贏得他人好感 (3)這罐髮油能解決頭髮毛躁問題 (4)那位藝人的行為對社會大眾產生重大引響。
2.	[]	[1]	以下文句中的成語,何者用法正確? (1)國家圖書館汗牛充棟,入寶山豈能空手而歸 (2)這篇作文用詞 流暢,沆瀣一氣,令人拍案叫絕 (3)他為人果敢,勇於代人捉刀, 因此被評價為正義之士 (4)小陳與太太感情很好,可說是舐犢情 深,令人羡慕。
3.	[]	[3]	下列選項「」中的國字,何組前後相同? (1)針「ケーラ」時弊/「ケーラ」辟入裡(2)道路「去ワ」方/ 下肢「去ワ」瘓(3)大「くー、」・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・
4.]	[1]	以下文句,何者有語病? (1)爸媽從小就對我很好,照顧得無微不至 (2)讀書要有方法,不 能一味死記硬背 (3)台北市的道路四通八達,往來非常便利 (4)身 為公務員必須奉公守法,拒絕廠商之賄賂行為。
5.]	[2]	以下文句,何者為「假設語氣」? (1)聖人之所以為聖,愚人之所以為愚,其皆出於此乎 (2)若亡鄭 有益於君,敢以煩執事 (3)固知一死生為虛誕,齊彭殤為妄作 (4) 先帝知臣謹慎,故臨崩寄臣以大事也。
6.	[]	[2]	下列選項中的「謝」字,何者與「敬謝不敏」中的「謝」同義? (1)人事代「謝」(2)閉門「謝」客(3)老成凋「謝」(4)感 「謝」招待。
7.	[]	[4]	下列選項中「 」內單字的讀音,何者正確? (1)「兌」換券: 凵せ\(2)香蕉「飴」: 去 男 ノ (3)墨水 「匣」: リーYノ (4)薛「濤」箋: 去 幺ノ。

- 8. []【1】下列何者屬於「編年體」史書? (1)《春秋》(2)《戰國策》(3)《史記》(4)《漢書》。
- 9. []【2】《孟子》〈告子章句上〉:「富歲,子弟多賴;凶歲,子弟多暴, 非天之降才而殊也,其所以陷溺其心者然也。」本句主旨為何? (1)指出社會貧富差距懸殊(2)強調環境對人的影響力(3)說明上 天對待眾人公平無私(4)剖析發揮天賦才能的重要性。



- 10. []【3】下段文字出自陶淵明〈桃花源記〉,何處主詞為「漁人」? 見漁人,AD大驚,BB所從來。C具答之。便要還家,設酒 殺雞作食。村中聞有此人,咸來問訊。D自云先世避秦時亂,率妻 子邑人來此絕境,不復出焉,遂與外人間隔。問今是何世,乃不知 有漢,無論魏晉。 (1)A(2)B(3)C(4)D。
- 11. []【3】以下《論語》中的文句,何者<u>不是</u>強調「君子不會結黨營私」? (1)君子周而不比(2)君子和而不同(3)君子成人之美,不成人之 惡(4)君子矜而不爭,群而不黨。
- 12. []【3】依據下文,下列敘述何者正確? 齊人有好話食者,每食必詬其僕,至壞器投巳箸,無空日。館 人厭之,忍弗言,將行,贈之以狗,曰:「是能逐禽,不腆以贈子。」行二十里而食,食而召狗與之食。狗嗥而後食,且食而且嗥。 主人詬於上,而狗嗥於下,每食必如之。一日,其僕失笑,然後覺 。郁離子曰:「夫人必自侮,而後人侮之。」又曰:「飲食之人, 則人賤之。」斯人之謂矣。(《郁離子》〈詬食〉) (1)齊人喜歡吃特殊口味的食物(2)齊人吃飯的時候不喜歡用筷子 (3)館人用委婉的方式表達對齊人之不滿(4)館人批評齊人將僕人 當成狗來看待。
- 13. []【2】下列這段文字中,「膽固醇」讓作者聯想到什麼? 膽固醇如果要變成淤塞人體血管的穢物,為什麼一開始它又要 藏身在饌味珍饈之間呢?我們這樣努力生產和消費,這麼龐大的生 活鏈中,有多少東西像膽固醇呢?珠寶是一種膽固醇嗎,諾言是一 種膽固醇嗎!唱片呢,玫瑰呢,權力呢,名望呢?膽固醇啊,膽固 醇,你到底是弄臣呢,還是刺客?(莊裕安,〈膽固醇與法斯塔夫 〉) (1)需要花費高額金錢才能購得的東西(2)讓人喜愛卻可能造成危 害的事物(3)無論如何努力也無法改變的東西(4)不能見光需藏起 來的危險事物。
- 14. []【4】下列文句中,何者藉由「水」的意象比喻「民心向背,關乎君主的存亡」? (1)曾經滄海難為水,除卻巫山不是雲(2)觀於海者難為水,遊於聖人之門者難為言(3)抽刀斷水水更流,舉杯銷愁愁更愁(4)水能載舟,亦能覆舟。
- 16. []【2】「映日漾清淵,沿沙曝黝甲。愛爾千歲姿,藏身一蓮葉。」這首作 品最可能描寫何種動物? (1)白鵝(2)鳥龜(3)螃蟹(4)錦鯉。

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17.	[]	[2]	下列選項中的成語,何組意義最相近? (1)煮豆燃萁/兄友弟恭 (2)含沙射影/指桑罵槐 (3)國事蜩螗/ 城狐社鼠 (4)吐哺握髮/含辛茹苦。
18.	[]	[3]	下列選項「」內,何者應填入「儈」字? (1)「万乂牙丶」炙人口(2)公司「万乂牙丶」計(3)為人市「万 乂牙丶」(4)「万乂牙丶」木家具。
19.]	[3]	先秦諸子中,提倡「兼愛」、「非攻」者為哪一家? (1)儒家(2)道家(3)墨家(4)法家。
20.	[]	[2]	「扁鵲重生稱妙手」為對聯之上聯,其下聯應為以下何者? (1)參芎同功回造化 (2)華佗再世頌丹心 (3)借寓東西南北人 (4) 明月三杯李白歌。
21.	[]	[4]	下列選項中,何者 <u>沒有</u> 語病? (1)他是班上最優秀的學生之一(2)這場災難中有一位倖存的罹難 者(3)這款洗髮精有三種口味(4)一味堅持已見者很難交到朋友。
22.	[]	[2]	下列何者有「天下第一行書」之譽? (1)陶淵明〈桃花源詩並序〉(2)王羲之〈蘭亭集序〉(3)李白 〈春夜宴從弟桃花園序〉(4)文天祥〈正氣歌並序〉。
23.]	[2]	下列選項中的詞語,何者解釋正確? (1)東道:客人(2)南冠:囚犯(3)縉紳:百姓(4)同窗:夫妻。
24.	[]	[4]	下列文句「」中的字,何者寫法於其它三者不同? (1)以儆效「一又ノ」(2)無怨無「一又ノ」(3)「一又ノ」有甚者(4)不「一又ノ」分說。
25.	[]	[3]	下段文字□□中,最可能填入下列何者? 鐵道不是一把尺,而是□□。車站為針尖腳,我是那活動的鉛筆腳。慢吞地畫出半徑或圓圈,丈量著經過的大城大鎮小村小落。 (劉克襄〈《11元的鐵道旅行》自序〉) (1)剪刀(2)針車(3)圓規(4)畫板。
26.	[]	[4]	My brother not like seafood and vegetables. He eats meat only. (1) is (2) am (3) was (4) does
27.]	[4]	This pair of shoes is not It's so muddy! (1) I (2) my (3) me (4) mine
28.]	[3]	The commercials on TV seem and catchy. (1) interest (2) interested (3) interesting (4) to interest
29.]	[2]	Thirty years ago, it was hard for mothers babies' diapers in public restrooms. (1) change (2) to change (3) to changing (4) changing

技	術專	員	(常	年大夜班維修類)甄試試題-語文科目(國文、英文)
30.	[]	[1]	Hurry! the unconscious man to somewhere safe and flat. (1) Move (2) Moving (3) To move (4) Not move
31.]	[2]	It is high time that we for the coming typhoon. (1) have prepared (2) prepared (3) will preparing (4) preparing
32.]	[1]	Which is the car you rented online? (1) that (2) what (3) which (4) whom
33.]	[2]	When traveling to a new place, we have to respect customs. (1) foreign (2) local (3) national (4) worldwide
34.	[]	[1]	with special needs are advised to use the elevators on both sides of the platforms. (1) Passengers (2) Pedestrians (3) Pilots (4) Professionals
35.	[]	[4]	Students can their vacation by reading good books and learning a new language. (1) come up with (2) get away with (3) let go of (4) make use of
36.	[]	[1]	The bus is going to rise by twenty percent due to inflation. (1) fare (2) income (3) tuition (4) wage
37.	[]	[3]	College students should engage in extracurricular to expand their social circle. (1) actions (2) actors (3) activities (4) reactors
38.	[]	[1]	Kevin's paintings somehow lack the <u>originality</u> that we are looking for. 請選擇與畫線部分意思相同的選項。 (1) creativity (2) diversity (3) invention (4) knowledge
39.	[]	[1]	The new manager <u>overlooked</u> the importance of blending in with the company culture. 請選擇與畫線部分意思相同的選項。 (1) failed to notice (2) recognized (3) was aware of (4) watched out for
40.	[]	[3]	this is your first visit to my hometown, I will show you around and treat you to dinner. (1) Although (2) Until (3) Since (4) When
41.	[]	[3]	Everybody took part in the charity event May. No wonder she doesn't know what happened on that day. (1) and (2) despite (3) except (4) including
42.]	[1]	The company hired a(n) to examine the firewall's security. (1) analyst (2) environmentalist (3) incubator (4) moisturizer

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43.	[]	[1]	The search team with the fire department and police dogs to rescue the victims. (1) collaborated (2) contradicted (3) impressed (4) retrieved
44.	[]	[4]	Waiter: Do you have any food allergies? Diner: Yes, my son is allergic to shrimp. Waiter: No problem (1) Shrimp is a great source of protein. (2) Our chef can make great shrimp dishes. (3) I will add it to the menu. (4) I will make sure the kitchen knows about it.
45.]	[1]	A: Do you know why she made such a stupid decision? B: I have been asking myself the same question. (1) It beats me. (2) Certainly! (3) Thankfully! (4) Sounds great.
46.]	[2]	A: Do you have time? B: Sure (1) It's ten past nine. (2) What's up? (3) We can catch up later. (4) I am hardly available now.

閱讀測驗(第47-50題)

In 2024, Oxford University Press named "brain rot" the Word of the Year. Over 37,000 people participated in a public vote and chose this term to reflect the spirit of the times.

According to Oxford, "brain rot" is defined as the worsening of a person's mental or intellectual state, especially as a result of spending excessive time on online content that is considered unimportant or unchallenging. It can also refer to content likely to cause such a condition. A common symptom of brain rot behavior is zombie-scrolling, in which people mindlessly scroll through tweets or threads for hours.

Researchers have observed growing public concern about the impact of consuming large amounts of low-quality posts and short-form videos on social media. Usage of the term "brain rot" increased by 230% from 2023 to 2024. This rise highlights an awareness among digital citizens—especially members of Gen Z and Gen Alpha—of the phenomenon and its negative consequences. These include poor or insufficient sleep, depression, anxiety, difficulty focusing, and an inability to engage in more intellectually demanding tasks. School-aged

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individuals, in particular, may struggle to retain information, regulate their emotions, and solve complex problems.

Although many people are aware of this unhealthy trend, it doesn't necessarily mean they are willing to change their habits, as the behavior can be addictive. However, psychologists offer some practical tips for those seeking a "digital detox." First, engage in mental workouts such as learning a new language or musical instrument to improve attention span. Second, increase physical activity to naturally reduce screen time—outdoor activities are especially recommended.

47.	[]	[1]	What is the main idea of this passage? (1) A growing tendency in online behavior. (2) Brain rot has an impact on education. (3) Reasons why people cannot stop brain rot. (4) Ways to quit brain rot.
48.	[]	[3]	Which of the following is NOT a brain rot behavior? (1) Browsing Instagram reels (2) Checking updates on Facebook (3) Responding to messages (4) Watching TikTok shorts
49.	[]	[4]	What does the word "mindlessly" in paragraph 2 mean? (1) with effort (2) with passion (3) without any ability (4) without any purpose
50.	[]	[2]	 Based on the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true? (1) People need to actively control their screen time. (2) Only Gen Z and Gen Alpha tend to experience brain rot. (3) It can be hard to quit brain rot behaviors. (4) Students with brain rot may get impatient when reading long texts.