## 中華電信股份有限公司 98 年新進從業人員遴選試題

類別:專業職(四)第三類專				① short-ranges	② short-ranged	③ short-range	short-ranging
科目:英文		入場通	[知書號碼:	[1] 22. One person was ① when	s killed police fired ② if	d on protesters in India.  ③ why	§ since
注意:①本試卷正反兩頁共50分	題,每題2分,限用	2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」.	上作答。			•	Wal-Mart store opening has been
②本試卷之試題皆為單選				delayed.		wevi-110j in 1 initiational, vine	The state state opening has seen
③答案卡務必繳回,未總	数回者該科以零分計算	<b>1</b> °		① As	② Because	3 Since	④ Due to
一、字彙測驗(請依照句子前後				[3] 24. The judge asked	d the accused why	_ it.	
[4] 1. Nobody knew that she of				① did he do	② did he	③ he did	④ did
① permit ② pe			④ perfect			the prevention and	_ of osteoarthritis.
[3] 2. We look forward to see	ing you and a so	olution to your client		① it cures	② to cure	③ cure	@ cured
① ordering ② or	mitting 3	offering	④ occurring	① That the man surviv		acle. ② Where the man surv	ivad
[1] 3. There are several ways				3 What the man surviv		<ul><li>The man survived</li></ul>	ived
	•	-	④ compass	[3] 27. We have			
(4) 4. Thank you for giving us ① persuade ② pe	s this opportunity to ervade		arn a lot of money.  ④ promote	① than more enough		② enough more than	
[3] 5. Gold card members wil		1	•	③ more than enough		• enough than more	
			discards			id that he was not given or	rders to fight.
[1] 6. Seeking peace and clear	n air, many people hav	re moved from cities to	areas.	① while being intervie ③ when to interview	wed	② while interviewing ④ when he interviewed	1
① rural ② ur			④ urban		erman Tree the largest o		to be the world's largest living
[3] 7. This section of the city:				thing.	erman Tree, the rangest o	r un the giant sequotus,	to be the world's largest fiving
			(4) command	① is reputed	② reputed	3 are reputed	being reputed
[4] 8. I had been to England w	when I was a junior hig	th school student. That w	vas the first time I travelled	[1] 30. Some fundame	•	•	of biblical spirits, from which other
	.:1. 6	\ -1 1	(A) along d	critical theories develo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
① apart ② as			(4) abroad	① utilize	② utilization	③ utilizing	4 to utilize
① 9. The corporation is going ① explore ② ex		•	explain		m	√ جاس خشف و ر دار بالار	
[3] 10. The painting	•	•	-	三、克漏字測驗(請依照	投洛的上下文,選出最	適富的答案)	
① prefers ② pr			<ul><li>proposes</li></ul>	(─) The new economy is	s less concerned with ph	ysical goods. Almost 93	million workers do not spend their
[1] 11. I always at the l		ng, but I rarely have time	e to read the whole newspaper.	days31 things32	they work in jobs that r	equire them to move thing	gs, process or generate information,
① glance ② ga		· ·	(4) garner	or provide services to peopl	le. In the old economy, in	nformation flow was physic	cal: cash, checks, invoices, reports,
[4] 12. Without further proof,				and33 meetings3	4 in the new econom	ny, information in all its	forms becomes digital. In the old
		remove	④ release	economy, geography 35	a kev role in determini	ng who competed with w	hom. In the new economy, distance
(2) 13. Do you think it proper ① assign ② at		o women? contribute	4 distribute	and time differences have v	•		<b>,</b> ,
[4] 14. The long dark days and			Unsurroute.		ŕ	1	4 made
	2		④ depressed	[3] 31. ① make	② to make	③ making	
[3] 15. I check the newest ind	lex of the stock market	every day to see if my_	grows larger or smaller.	[1] 32. ① Instead	② Furthermore	③ Nonetheless	4 However
① commodities ② ex	xchange 3	) portfolio	4 credits	[4] 33. ① face-of-face	② face-at-face	③ face-in-face	4 face-to-face
二、文法測驗				[2] 34. ① Or	② But	3 So	Because
= ' ' ' ' '	na said he was ready	for a tough new a	gency to protect consumers from	(2) 35. ① takes	② played	③ taking	playing
risky loans.			8				
	o fight 3	fight	④ fought	(二) To learn about other	rs you must be involved	with them. You must ha	ave a relationship36 them of
[3] 17. Taipei's MRT Neihu	Line, the east	ern district of Neihu to	the rest of the city, will begin	mutual trust. For how can I	learn about you unless y	ou trust me enough to dis	sclose your "inner self" to me? And
operation on July 4.				how can you trust me unles	s I am willing37	myself to you? You can h	elp me understand myself, if I trust
① link ② lir		C	④ linked	what you say about me.		•	
[1] 18. As a gesture of respect				•	anot easily he achieved i	in isolation: other neonle	help us to define who we are. Our
① carefully ② ca		careful	4 to care		•		-
[3] 19. Nobel Prize winner l	raui Kiugilian ined i	o compare the current	depression earlier global	-	-	·	us. My self-understanding and my
depressions. ① at ② by	v (3	with	④ in				p, you may hide yourself from me.
[2] 20. This boss insisted that	•	the unpaid leave.	<u> </u>	Knowing40 and unde	rstanding yourself lead t	o self-acceptance. You dis	scover that the qualities in yourself
① to take ② tal		*	(4) taking	that you have rejected are n	ot unique to yourself.		

[3] 21. North Korea dec	clared that it launched thr	ree missiles.				
	② short-ranged		4 short-ranging			
[1] 22. One person was ① when		on protesters in India.  ③ why	4 since			
[4] 23 the susp		_	Val-Mart store opening has been			
delayed.						
① As	② Because		① Due to			
① did he do		_ it. ③ he did	④ did			
(3) 25. Vitamin D is pro ① it cures		the prevention and  ③ cure	of osteoarthritis.  ④ cured			
[1] 26 in the car	accident was a real mira	cle.				
<ul><li>① That the man survive</li><li>③ What the man survive</li></ul>	ed vad	<ul><li> Where the man survive</li><li> The man survived</li></ul>	red			
(3) 27. We have						
① than more enough ③ more than enough	time to decide whether w	② enough more than ④ enough than more				
	at the air force base, said	d that he was not given ord	ers to fight.			
① while being interview ③ when to interview	wed	② while interviewing ④ when he interviewed	C			
[1] 29. The General She	erman Tree, the largest of	fall the giant sequoias,	to be the world's largest living			
thing.						
_	_	③ are reputed				
		ritics an essence of	biblical spirits, from which other			
critical theories develo ① utilize	op. ② utilization	③ utilizing	# to utilize			
三、克漏字測驗 (請依照	段落的上下文,選出最:	適當的答案)				
—) The new economy is	less concerned with phy	ysical goods. Almost 93 m	illion workers do not spend their			
ays31 things32	they work in jobs that re	equire them to move things	, process or generate information,			
r provide services to people	e. In the old economy, inf	formation flow was physica	al: cash, checks, invoices, reports,			
nd33 meetings34	1 in the new economy	y, information in all its fo	orms becomes digital. In the old			
conomy, geography35 a key role in determining who competed with whom. In the new economy, distance						
nd time differences have va		_	•			
[3] 31. ① make	② to make	-	④ made			
[1] 32. ① Instead	© Furthermore	$\mathcal{C}$	However			
[4] 33. ① face-of-face	② face-at-face		(a) face-to-face			
[2] 34. ① Or	© But		Because			
[2] 35. ① takes	② played		<ul><li>Decause</li><li>playing</li></ul>			
[2] 33. © takes	© played	o taking	e playing			
	a von must ha involved	with them. Vou must have	va a relationship 26 them of			
	-		re a relationship36 them of lose your "inner self" to me? And			
ow can you trust me unless	s I am willing37 r	nyself to you? You can hel	p me understand myself, if I trust			
what you say about me.						
•	not easily be achieved in	n isolation: other people h	elp us to define who we are. Our			
_	•		-			
mpression of ourselves depends upon38 other people consistently react to us. My self-understanding and my						
nowledge of you depend upon our relationship39a trustful relationship, you may hide yourself from me.						

[2]	36. ① at	② with	3 to	④ in		
[1]	37. ① to reveal	② reveal	③ revealing	Tevealed		
[4]	38. ① what	② when	3 why	how		
[3]	39. ① Why we did no	ot have	② Though we do not have			
	3 If we do not ha	ve	When we did not have			
[2]	40. ① the other	② others	3 another	anothers		

## 四、閱讀測驗

(—) In many of the developing countries in Africa and Asia, the population is growing fast. The reason for this is simple: Women in these countries have a high birth rate – from 3.0 to 7.0 children per woman. The majority of these women are poor, without the food or resources to care for their families. Why do they have many children? Why don't they limit the size of their families? The answer may be that they often have no choice. There are several reasons for this.

One reason is economic. In a traditional agricultural economy, large families are helpful. Having more children means having more workers in the fields and someone to take care of the parents in old age. In an industrial economy, the situation is different. Many children do not help a family; instead, they are an expense. Thus, industrialization has generally brought down the birth rate. This was the case in Italy, which was industrialized quite recently and rapidly. In the early part of the twentieth century, Italy was a poor, largely agricultural country with a high birth rate. After World War II, Italy's economy was rapidly modernized and industrialized. By the end of the century, the birth rate had dropped to 1.3 children per woman, the world's lowest.

However, the economy is not the only important factor that influences birth rate. Saudi Arabia, for example, does not have an agriculture-based economy, and it has one of the highest per capita incomes in the world. Nevertheless, it also has a very high birth rate (7.0). Mexico and Indonesia, on the other hand, are poor countries, with largely agricultural economies, but they have recently reduced their population growth.

- [3] 41. According to the passage, which statement is true?
  - ① Economy is the only reason to influence birth rate.
  - ② Because people in Saudi Arabia are rich, they have many children.
  - 3 In African countries, women have no choice but to have many children.
  - 4 Women are poor so they need to have many children.
- [4] 42. What happens when countries become industrialized?
  - ① Women would like to have many children.
  - ② Countries need more people so women have many children.
  - 3 The birth rate generally goes up.
  - 4 The birth rate generally goes down.
- [2] 43. According to the passage, which country has the lowest birth rate in the world?
  - ① Taiwan
- ② Italy
- 3 Mexico
- 4 Indonesia

- [1] 44. What is the main idea of this passage?
  - ① Economy may or maynot influence birth rate.
  - ② Women are poor in developing countries.
  - 3 Birth rate is very low in developing countries.

- [3] 45. According to the passage, what will women do if they have a choice?
  - ① They want to go to school.
  - ② They want to work for their husbands.
  - 3 They will have fewer children.
  - They will have much more children.

( $\subseteq$ ) One of the keys to the success of Toyota's lean production and continuing improvement processes is that they are not formulaic to the point that they limit employee innovation. Instead, they are quite the opposite, serving as guides designed to unleash previously untapped employee potential. In Toyota, principles should remain the same but methods for reaching objectives should constantly change: What works today can always be improved upon. Therefore, a central element of maintaining the same culture at Toyota year after year is encouraging employees to find different and new ways of contributing.

Many who study Toyota's way of working are often initially surprised at the lack of specific, step-by-step, how-to instructions. But the Toyota culture is intended to draw upon the creative abilities of employees; if the processes were put into a manual featuring steps 1, 2 and 3, then people would likely follow the steps robotically, doing their job each day precisely the same way they did it the day before. The Toyota system is teaching people to think for themselves and find a better way to do the job, and to take individual ownership.

(2)	46.	Which	of the	follow	ing is	the most	appropriate	title for	the above	passage?
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① Toyota's Employee Loyalty

- ② More Than a Formula
- 3 More Formula than Creativity
- [2] 47. In Toyota, \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - ① employees are required to follow stringent instructions
  - ② exploring employee potential for innovation is encouraged
  - 3 independent thinking is not prioritized
  - (4) action plans and methods cannot be easily altered
- [1] 48. In Line 3, the underlined phrase "to unleash previously untapped employee potential" implies that
  - ① less control over employees' creative doings brings out greater employee contribution
  - ② putting employees on a leash is to tap on employees' unknown abilities
  - 3 employees have great potential except unleashing themselves
  - previously employed personnel cannot be unleashed for more contribution
- [4] 49. Which of the following elements can be barely seen in Toyota's management?
  - ① Emphasis on employees' creative abilities
  - ② Rather standard principles but flexible methods
  - 3 Innovative approaches to reach objectives
  - Specific and step-by-step instructions
- [3] 50. Which of the following is NOT a key to success in Toyota?
  - ① Encouraging new ways of employee contribution
  - ② Undertakings to do better in different ways
  - 3 A strong process control by following the manuals
  - To think outside the box