# 112學年度 學士後醫學系招生考試

# 物理及化學試題封面

# 考試開始鈴響前,請勿翻閱本試題!

#### ★考試開始鈴響前,請注意:

- 一、除准考證、應考文具及一般手錶外;行動電話、穿戴式裝置及其他物品 均須放在臨時置物區。
- 二、請務必確認行動電話已取出電池或關機,行動電話及手錶的鬧鈴功能必 須關閉。
- 三、就座後,不可擅自離開座位或與其他考生交談。
- 四、坐定後,雙手離開桌面,確認座位號碼、答案卡號碼與准考證號碼相同,以及抽屜中、桌椅下或座位旁均無非考試必需用品。如有任何問題,請立即舉手反應。
- 五、考試開始鈴響前,不得翻閱試題本或作答。
- 六、考試全程不得吃東西、喝水及嚼食口香糖。
- 七、違反上述規定,依「筆試規則及違規處理辦法」議處。

#### ★作答說明:

- 一、考試時間:100分鐘。
- 二、本試題(含封面)共16頁,如有缺頁或毀損,應立即舉手請監試人員 補發。
- 三、本試題共90題,皆為單選題,共計150分;每題答錯倒扣,不作答不計分。
- 四、答題依題號順序劃記在答案卡上,寫在試題本上無效;答案卡限用 2B 鉛筆劃記,若未按規定劃記,致電腦無法讀取者,考生自行負責。
- 五、試題本必須與答案十一併繳回,不得攜出試場。

#### Choose one best answer for the following questions

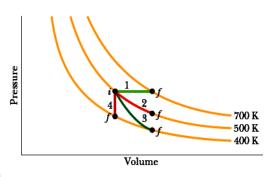
【單選題】每題 1 分,共計 30 分,答錯 1 題倒扣 0.25 分,倒扣至本大題零分為止,未作答,不給分亦不扣分。1~15 題為物理,16~30 題為化學。

1.		unit is <i>not</i> the dyne	e SI (ii (B)	,	-	of units) deriv		it? volt	(E)	tesla
2.	of static	e friction betw = 0 until the	veen tl	ne block and t	the rou	igh surface is	$\mu_{\rm S}$ . Le	the horizontal and the the incline and the $\theta_c$ at which	ngle b	e increased
	(A)	$\theta_c = \arctan($	$(\mu_{\mathrm{S}})$	(B)	$\theta_c = 1$	$\arccos(\mu_{_{\mathrm{S}}})$		(C) $\theta_c = a$	rcsin(	$(\mu_{\rm S})$
	(D)	$\theta_c = \pi/2$		(E)	None	of the above.				
3.				`	_	, <del>-</del>		m the first floo ximately 2000 W		department 4000 W
4.	75 kg to extends collision	o sit in a car to the stopping n?	traveli g time	ng at 60 km/l up to 0.4 s.	h. Who	en the car hits	the we forc	on requires payall and stops e on the pass	there, enger	the air-bag during this
5.				s defined as the	ne mag		(D)	11259 N ed by current	(E) I. Wha	30625 N
		nductance $L$ d	iivided	•		ice K !		(C) W1		
	(A) (D)	tesla sec		(B) (E)	Hz None	of the above.		(C) Wb		
6.	-	-		-	on to			piston of dian 00 N at the lar 400 N		
7.	_	sition of a par in seconds. V		_	_	ession $x = 4$	cos(	$3\pi t + \pi$ ), wh	ere x	is in meters
	(A)	1.0 Hz	(B)	1.5 Hz	(C)	3.0 Hz	(D)	4.0 Hz	(E)	9.4 Hz

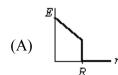
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### 物理及化學試題

- 8. The average molecular translational kinetic energy of a gas molecule is \_\_\_\_\_. (The ideal gas constant is R. Boltzmann constant is  $k_B$ . Temperature of gas is T.)
  - (A)  $(3/2)k_BT$
- (B) (3/2)RT
- (C)  $(1/2)k_BT$
- (D) (1/2)RT
- (E)  $(n+3)k_BT/2$ , where *n* is the number of internal degrees of freedom.
- 9. A gas in a cylinder starts from initial state *i* to finial state *f* through 4 different paths as shown in the figure. Regarding to the heat energy, work, and internal energy, which statements is *incorrect*?

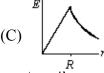


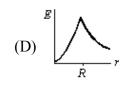
- (A) Path 1 is isobaric expansion, gas must be heated.
- (B) Path 2 is isothermal expansion; no work is involved in this process.
- (C) Path 3 is adiabatic expansion, therefore no heat transfer occurred.
- (D) Path 4 is isochoric cooling; heat is extracted out of gas.
- (E) Gas do not do work for path 4 only.
- 10. A resistor of unknown resistance and a 15  $\Omega$  resistor are connected across a 20 V *emf* in such a way that a 2 A current is observed. What is the value of the unknown resistance?
  - (A)  $5\Omega$
- (B) 7.5 Ω
- (C)  $12 \Omega$
- (D) 30 Ω
- (E) 75 Ω
- 11. A conducting sphere of radius *R* contains a positive charge. Which figure correctly represents the magnitude of the electric field *E* as a function of the distance *r* from the center of the sphere?

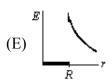












- 12. Which equation is *not* one of Maxwell's equations?
  - (A)  $\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{Q_{encl}}{\varepsilon_0}$

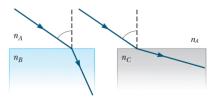
- (B)  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$
- (C)  $\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 \left( i_C + \varepsilon_0 \frac{d\Phi_E}{dt} \right)_{encl}$
- (D)  $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$
- (E)  $\vec{F} = q\vec{E} + q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$
- 13. The flux of the electric field  $(24)\hat{i} + (30)\hat{j} + (-16)\hat{k}$  N/C through a 2 m<sup>2</sup> portion of the xz plane is
  - (A)  $16 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}$
- (B)  $-48 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}$
- (C)  $48 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}$

- (D)  $-60 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}$
- (E)  $60 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}$

## 112 學年度學士後醫學系招生考試

### 物理及化學試題

- 14. An object is 12 cm in front of a concave spherical mirror, and the image is 3 cm in front of the mirror. What is the focal length of the mirror?
  - (A) 0.25 cm
- (B) 1.5 cm
- (C) 2.4 cm
- (D) 4 cm
- 13 cm (E)
- 15. A light from medium A with refractive index  $(n_A)$  enters medium B and medium C with refractive index,  $n_B$  and  $n_C$  respectively. Which of the followings is correct?



- (A)  $n_A > n_B > n_C$
- (B)  $n_A > n_C > n_B$
- $n_B > n_C > n_A$

- (D)  $n_B > n_A > n_C$
- (E)  $n_C > n_A > n_B$
- 16. Complete the following nuclear reaction:

$$^{238}_{92}U + ^{12}_{6}$$
  $\longrightarrow$   $^{A}_{B}Cf + 6^{1}_{0}n$ 

The | , A and B should be:

- (A) He, 249 and 86
- (B) C, 244 and 98
- (C) C, 249 and 92

- (D) C, 249 and 98
- He, 244 and 98 (E)
- 17. An anion has the following Lewis structure:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \vdots \ddot{O} & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots \ddot{O} & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots \ddot{O} & \vdots \end{bmatrix}_{\Theta}$$

What is the possible identity for element E?

- (A) Si
- (B) P
- (C) S
- (D) Ar
- Cl (E)
- 18. Determine Lewis base strength in the gas phase of following amines:
  - (A)  $NMe_3 > NH_2Me > NH_3$
- (B)  $NH_2Me > NMe_3 > NH_3$  (C)  $NH_3 > NMe_3 > NH_2Me$

- (D)  $NH_3 > NH_2Me > NMe_3$
- (E) None of the above.
- 19. Using the data below, calculate the normal boiling point of liquid A at 1 atm,

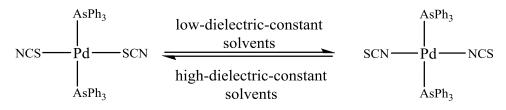
 $A(liquid) \rightarrow A(gas)$ : the  $\Delta H^{\circ} = 25.0 \text{ kJ/mol}$  and the  $\Delta S^{\circ} = 50.0 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$ 

- (A) 50 K
- (B) 200 K
- (C) 227 K
- (D) 323 K
- (E) 500 K
- 20. Which of the followings octahedral complexes will **not** form precipitate of AgI at once after the aqueous AgNO3 is added?
  - (A)  $Co(NH_3)_6I_3$
- (B)  $Pt(NH_3)_4I_4$
- (C) Na<sub>2</sub>PtI<sub>6</sub>

- (D)  $Cr(NH_3)_4I_3$
- All of them will form AgI precipitate. (E)

#### 21. How to make a p-type semiconductor?

- (A) Dope host atoms (Si) with atoms having fewer valence electrons than the host, such as B.
- (B) Dope host atoms (As) with atoms having fewer valence electrons than the host, such as Se.
- (C) Dope host atoms (Si) with atoms having more valence electrons than the host, such as As.
- (D) Dope host atoms (As) with atoms having more valence electrons than the host, such as Ge.
- (E) None of the above.
- 22. Based on reaction shown as below, the two complexes can be classified into which type of isomerism?



- (A) stereoisomerism
- (B) optical isomerism
- (C) geometric isomerism

- (D) ionization isomerism
- (E) linkage isomerism
- 23. What is the product called after glycine and alanine undergo condensation reactions?
  - (A) ester

- (B) dipeptide
- (C) DNA

- (D) polysaccharides
- (E) None of the above.
- 24. Which compound does *not* possess a  $sp^2$  hybridized orbital?
  - (A) 2-butanone
- (B) aspirin

(C) acetic anhydride

- (D) 2-propanol
- (E) aniline
- 25. Consider the following orderings. Which of these gives a correct trend in ionization energy?

I Be 
$$<$$
 Mg  $<$  Ca  $<$  Sr

II 
$$Cl < Si < P < Al$$

III 
$$F < Cl < Br < I$$

IV 
$$Na^+ < Mg^{2+} < Al^{3+} < Si^{4+}$$

- (A)
- (B) II
- (C) III
- (D) IV
- (E) None of the above.
- 26. What is the *correct* order of the following bonds in terms of increasing polarity?
  - (A) N-Cl, P-Cl, As-Cl
- (B) P-Cl, N-Cl, As-Cl
- (C) As-Cl, N-Cl, P-Cl

- (D) P-Cl, As-Cl, N-Cl
- (E) As-Cl, P-Cl, N-Cl
- 27. Which of the following electron configurations is *incorrect*?
  - (A)  $S^{2-}$ :  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6$

- (B) Na<sup>+</sup>:  $1s^22s^22p^6$
- (C) Ga:  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^64s^23d^{10}$
- (D) V:  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^64s^23d^3$
- (E) I:  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^64s^23d^{10}4p^65s^24d^{10}5p^5$

- 28. How many moles of Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> must be added to 0.5 L of a 0.4 M KF solution to begin precipitation of CaF<sub>2</sub>? For CaF<sub>2</sub>,  $K_{sp} = 4.0 \times 10^{-11}$ .
  - (A)  $2.0 \times 10^{-12}$  (B)  $1.0 \times 10^{-10}$  (C)  $2.0 \times 10^{-10}$  (D)  $1.0 \times 10^{-9}$

- (E)  $5.0 \times 10^{-9}$

29. For the reaction below,

$$PCI_{3(g)} + CI_{2(g)} \longrightarrow PCI_{5(g)} \Delta G^{o} = -92.5 \text{ kJ, at } 298\text{K}$$

Which of the following statements is *true*?

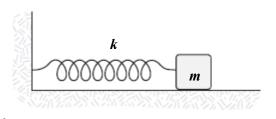
- (A) This reaction is endothermic.
- $\Delta G$  for this reaction has to be negative at all temperatures.
- $K_p$  is smaller than 1.00 when  $\Delta G$  for the reaction is negative.
- $\Delta S^{\circ}$  for this reaction is negative.
- (E) All of the above statements are true.
- 30. Which of the following species needs resonance to adequately describe its structure?
  - (A)  $H_2O$
- (B)  $CO_3^{2-}$
- (C) NH<sub>3</sub>
- (D) HCN
- $NH_4^+$ (E)

#### 【單選題】每題2分,共計120分,答錯1題倒扣0.5分,倒扣至本大題零分為止,未 作答,不給分亦不扣分。31~60 題為物理,61~90 題為化學。

- 31. An object of mass m is sliding with speed v at some instant across a level tabletop, with which its coefficient of kinetic friction is  $\mu$ . It then moves through a distance d and comes to rest. Which of the following equations for the speed v is reasonable? (Gravitational acceleration is g)
  - (A)  $(2\mu gd)^{1/2}$
- (B)  $(mgd)^{1/2}$
- (C)  $(2\mu gd)^{1/2}$  (D)  $(2\mu gd)^{-1/2}$

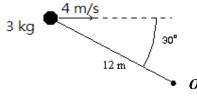
- 32. A force acting on an object moving along the x axis is given by  $Fx = (14x 3x^2)$  N, where x is in m. How much work is done by this force as the object moves from x = -1 m to x = +2 m?
  - (A) +12 J
- (B) +28 J
- (C) +40 J
- (D) +42 J
- (E)  $-28 \,\mathrm{J}$

33. The block shown in the figure is released from rest when the spring is stretched a distance d. If k = 75 N/m, m = 0.5 kg, d =10 cm, and the coefficient of kinetic friction between the block and the horizontal surface is equal to 0.25, what is the speed of the block when it first passes through the position for which the spring is unstretched. (Gravitational acceleration  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )



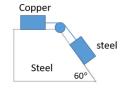
- (A) 0.53 m/s
- (B) 0.92 m/s
- (C) 1.00 m/s
- (D) 1.22 m/s
- (E) 1.44 m/s

- 34. A police crime lab is trying to determine whether someone was murdered or died as a result of an accident. The victim was struck in the temple by a 4 kg sculpture that is alleged to have fallen off a bookcase. The sculpture presumably fell a distance of 20 m and the corner that struck him had an area of  $0.25 \text{ cm}^2$ . If the time for the sculpture to stop was 1 ms, the pressure on his temple, in N/m<sup>2</sup>, was \_\_\_\_\_\_. (Gravitational acceleration  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )
  - (A)  $3.2 \times 10^5$
- (B)  $1.6 \times 10^6$
- (C)  $3.2 \times 10^6$
- (D)  $1.6 \times 10^9$
- (E)  $3.2 \times 10^9$
- 35. A 3 kg particle moves to the right at 4 m/s as shown in the figure. The magnitude of its angular momentum in  $(kg \cdot m^2/s)$  about the point O is \_\_\_\_\_.



- $(A) \quad 0$
- (B) 48
- (C) 72
- (D) 144
- (E) 1728
- 36. A particle moves in the xy plane, starting from the origin at t = 0 with an initial velocity having an x component of 20 m/s and a y component of -15 m/s. The particle experiences an acceleration in the x direction, given by  $a_x = 4$  m/s<sup>2</sup>. What is the total velocity at any time?
  - (A)  $(4t)\hat{i} + (-15t)\hat{j}$
- (B)  $(24t)\hat{i} + (-15t)\hat{j}$
- (C)  $(20 + 4t)\hat{i} + (-15)\hat{j}$

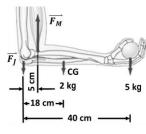
- (D)  $(20)\hat{i} + (-15)\hat{j}$
- (E)  $(24)\hat{i} + (-15t)\hat{j}$
- 37. A grindstone increases in an angular speed from 4 rad/s to 12 rad/s in 4 s. Through what angle does it turn during that time interval if the angular acceleration is constant?
  - (A) 8 rad
- (B) 12 rad
- (C) 16 rad
- (D) 32 rad
- (E) 64 rad
- 38. A 1 kg copper block and a 6 kg steel block are connected by a light string over a frictionless pulley. The two blocks are allowed to move on a fixed steel block wedge ( $\theta = 60^{\circ}$ ) as shown in the figure. If the coefficients of friction of the copper-steel and steel-steel are 0.4 and 0.6, respectively, what is the acceleration of the two blocks? (Gravitational acceleration  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )



- (A)  $5.28 \text{ m/s}^2$
- (B)  $5.08 \text{ m/s}^2$
- (C)  $4.88 \text{ m/s}^2$

- (D)  $4.68 \text{ m/s}^2$
- (E)  $4.28 \text{ m/s}^2$
- 39. A car travels at a constant speed of 60 km/hr on a level circular turn of radius of 40 m. What is the minimum coefficient of static friction between tire and the roadway to allow the car to make the turn without sliding? (Gravitational acceleration  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )
  - (A) 0.83
- (B) 0.73
- (C) 0.63
- (D) 0.53
- (E) 0.43

40. A 5 kg ball is held in the hand as shown in the figure, with the arm horizontal and 40 cm from the elbow joint. The forearm mass is 2 kg and the center of gravity is 18 cm from the joint. The biceps connect to the arm at 5 cm from the joint. How much force  $(F_M)$  must the biceps exert to hold the ball in place? (Gravitational acceleration  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )



- (A) 472 N
- (B) 236 N
- (C) 118 N
- (D) 59 N
- (E) 30 N

41. If middle C (262 Hz) and C<sup>#</sup> (277 Hz) are played together, it would cause interference beats. What the beat frequency would be if each is played one octave lower (each frequency reduced by a factor of 2)?

(A) 30 Hz

(B) 15 Hz

(C) 7.5 Hz

(D) 3.75 Hz

(E) None of the above.

42. Tension is maintained in a string as in the figure. The observed wave speed is v = 24 m/s when the suspended mass is m = 3 kg. What is the wave speed when the suspended mass is m = 1 kg? (Gravitational acceleration g = 10 m/s<sup>2</sup>)



- (A) 4.6 m/s
- (B) 5.7 m/s
- (C) 8.0 m/s
- (D) 11.3 m/s
- (E) 13.9 m/s

43. When an ambulance passes in front of an observer, the sound frequency is 440 Hz when the ambulance is approaching, and the frequency drops to 400 Hz when the ambulance is moving away. What is the speed of the ambulance? (Assume the speed of sound is 345 m/s at that time.)

- (A) 13.8 m/s
- (B) 14.0 m/s
- (C) 14.4 m/s

- (D) 15.4 m/s
- (E) 16.4 m/s

44. Under ambient conditions, which gas has the adiabatic ratio of molar heat capacities  $\gamma$  most close to 1.4? ( $\gamma = C_P/C_V$ )

- (A) Ar
- (B) CO
- (C) Cl<sub>2</sub>
- (D) CO<sub>2</sub>
- (E) CH<sub>4</sub>

45. A 50 m bridge is made with segments of concrete. If the linear expansion coefficient is  $1.2 \times 10^{-5}$  °C<sup>-1</sup>, how much spacing is needed to allow for expansion during an extreme temperature change of 150 °F?

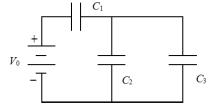
- (A) 2.0 cm
- (B) 2.5 cm
- (C) 3.0 cm
- (D) 3.5 cm
- (E) 4.0 cm

46. A Carnot engine is operating at its theoretical maximum efficiency of 60%. If the waste heat has a temperature of 38 °C, what is the temperature of the boiler?

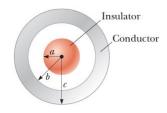
- (A) 94 °C
- (B) 225 °C
- (C) 350 °C
- (D) 504 °C
- (E) 775 °C

- 47. A tuning fork is known to vibrate with frequency 262 Hz. When it is sounded along with a mandolin string, four beats are heard every second. Next, a bit of tape is put onto each tine of the tuning fork, and the tuning fork now produces five beats per second with the same mandolin string. What is the frequency of the string?
  - (A) 257 Hz
- (B) 258 Hz
- (C) 262 Hz
- (D) 266 Hz
- (E) 268 Hz

48. Determine the energy stored in  $C_2$  when  $C_1 = 15 \mu F$ ,  $C_2 = 10 \mu F$ ,  $C_3 = 20 \mu F$ , and  $V_0 = 18 \text{ V}$ .

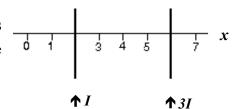


- (A) 1.60 mJ
- (B) 0.72 mJ
- (C) 0.50 mJ
- (D) 0.32 mJ
- (E) 0.18 mJ
- 49. A solid, insulating sphere of radius a has a uniform charge density throughout its volume and a total charge Q. Concentric with this sphere is an uncharged, conducting, hollow sphere whose inner and outer radii are b and c as shown in the figure. Find the magnitude of the electric field for r < a.



- (A)  $E = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{Qr}{a^3}$
- (B)  $E = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{Qr}{a^2}$
- (C)  $E = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{Q}{r^2}$

- (D)  $E = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{Q}{r}$
- (E) E = 0
- 50. Two long straight current-carrying parallel wires cross the *x* axis and carry currents *I* and *3I* in the same direction, as shown in the figure. At what value of *x* is the net magnetic field zero?



- (A) 1
- (B) 3
- (C) 4
- (D) 5
- (E) 7
- 51. A certain capacitor has a capacitance of 5  $\mu$ F. After it is charged to 5  $\mu$ C and isolated, the plates are brought closer together so its capacitance becomes 10  $\mu$ F. The work done by the agent is about
  - (A)  $-1.25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$
- (B)  $8.3 \times 10^{-7} \text{ J}$
- (C)  $-8.3 \times 10^{-7} \text{ J}$

- (D)  $1.25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$
- (E)  $-3.75 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$
- 52. A plane with a wing length of 50 m is flying westward where the downward component of the earth's magnetic field is  $6 \times 10^{-5}$  T. What is the difference in potential between the wingtips when the speed of the plane is 720 km/hr, and which wingtip is positive?
  - (A) 2.16 V, south
- (B) 2.16 V, north
- (C) 0.96 V, south

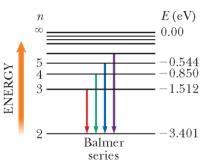
- (D) 0.96 V, north
- (E) 0.60 V, south

53. Implanted medical devices are often charged by transcutaneous energy transfer (TET), which uses

a pair of coils in close proximity for wireless charging. The change of current in the coil outside

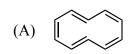
	the boo	ly causes the r	nagne	tic flux	of the	coil in	side the b	ody t	o cha	nge, th	us gene	rating	gan indu	iced
	electro	motive force.	There	e are 10	coils	s with	a radius o	of 1 c	em, a	nd the	current	of th	e outer	coil
	drops 1	from 10 A to	0, with	hin 6 ×	10 <sup>-6</sup> s	s, what	is the av	erage	e indu	iced ele	ectrome	otive	force of	the
	inner c	oil? (Magneti	ic cons	stant $\mu_0$	is 4π	× 10 <sup>-7</sup>	T·m/A.)							
	(A)	2.58 V	(B)	2.79 V	7	(C)	3.05 V		(D)	3.29 V	1	(E)	3.54 V	
54	. A bean	n of unpolariz	ed ligl	ht of int	ensity	$I_0$ pas	ses throu	gh fo	ur su	ccessiv	e ideal	polari	izing filt	ters,
	each o	f whose polar	izing a	axis ma	kes a	30° ar	gle with	the p	revio	us one.	What	is the	intensit	y of
	the trai	nsmitted bean	n?											
	(A)	1	(B)	81/25	5	(C)	27/128		(D)	9/16		(E)	0	
55		sitting in an a	-								_		_	
		upil is about					•							
	minim	um separation	s bety	ween ol	ojects	on the	ground t	hat yo	ou ca	n distin	guish?	(The	wavele	ngth
	of visil	ole light is arc	ound 5	00 nm.)	)									
	(A)	0.5 m	(B)	2 m		(C)	8 m		(D)	20 m		(E)	50 m	
56	. A spac	eship S <sub>1</sub> is mo	oving a	away fr	om us	s at a sp	peed of 0.	.8 c. A	noth	er space	eship S	2 is m	oving a	way
	from u	s in the oppo	site d	irection	at a	speed	of 0.5 c.	What	t is th	e spee	d of S <sub>1</sub>	mea	sured by	y an
	observ	er on S <sub>2</sub> ?												
	(A)	1.3 c	(B)	1.0 c		(C)	0.97 c		(D)	0.93 c	;	(E)	0.89 c	
57	. Silicon	(Si) is a sem	icondu	ictor ma	aterial	whose	e properti	es fit	perfe	ctly in	solar ce	ells to	convert	t the
	light en	nergy into ele ly is?	ectrica	l energy	y. Bas	sed on	this evid	ence,	what	the va	lue of	energ	y gap o	f Si
	•	several tentl	ns of e	V	(B)	1.1 e	V			(C)	3.1 eV	7		
	. ,	5.1 eV			` /	7.1 e				( )				
	( )				( )									
58	. The wa	ve function $\psi$ (.	x) of a	particle	confi	ned to (	$0 \le x \le L$ is	s give	n by y	$\nu(x) = A$	$x. \psi(x)$	=0 fo	$\mathbf{r} x < 0$ a	nd x
	> L. W	nen the wave for	unction	is norm	nalized	d, the pi	robability	densit	y at c	oordina	te x has	the va	lue	·
	(A)	$2x/L^2$	(B)	$2x^2/L^2$		(C)	$2x^2/L^3$		(D)	$3x^2/L^3$	3	(E)	$2x^3/L^3$	
59	. A light	of waveleng	th 400	nm fal	ls on	a meta	ıl surface	havii	ng a v	vork fu	nction	1.70	eV. Wha	at is
	_	ximum kineti							_					
		$100 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$	-		-									
	,	4.52 eV								1.70 e	·V	(E)	1.41 e	V

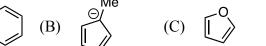
60. The Balmer series for the hydrogen atom corresponds to electronic transitions that terminate in the state with quantum number n = 2 as shown in the figure. Consider the photon of the longest wavelength corresponding to a transition shown. What is its wavelength?



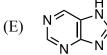
- (A) 420 nm
- (B) 458 nm
- 540 nm (C)
- (D) 656 nm
- 720 nm (E)

61. Which structure is *not* considered to have aromaticity?





- (D)



- 62. Solid KF has a lattice energy of -804 kJ/mol and a heat of solution (in water) of -15 kJ/mol. RbF has a lattice energy of -768 kJ/mol and a heat of solution (in water) of -24 kJ/mol. Which salt forms stronger attractions with water?
  - (A) KF, because it releases more heat during the formation of crystal.
  - KF, because it has a more negative heat of hydration.
  - RbF, because it releases more heat during the formation of crystal. (C)
  - RbF, because it has a more negative heat of hydration.
  - (E) Both salts have the same interactions with water.
- 63. The reaction  $2NO_2 \rightarrow 2NO + O_2$  obeys the rate law

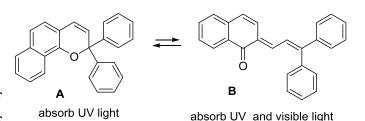
$$\frac{\Delta [O_2]}{\Delta t}$$
=1.0 × 10<sup>-2</sup> [NO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2</sup> at 400 K.

If the initial concentration of NO<sub>2</sub> is 1.00 M, how long will it take for the [NO<sub>2</sub>] to decrease to 0.25 M?

- (A)  $50 \, s$
- (B) 100 s
- 200 s
- 300 s (D)
- 600 s(E)

64. Today's automatic sunglasses utilize the following rearrangement reaction between **A** and **B** promoted by UV:

However, infrared spectroscopy is often applied to differentiate A and B because of the strong and distinct absorption of



functional group.

(A) arene

- (B) conjugated olefin
- (C) carbonyl

(D) ether

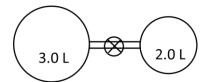
amide (E)

	desalination i				-		_		•		_
	is the minimu is at 27 °C? (I	•			-	•	ater from	0.05 N	1 of Na	.Cl(aq)	by reverse
(A)	1.23 atm		(B		2.46 a			(C)	3.71 a	ıtm	
(D)	4.52 atm		(E	_		of the ab	ove.	( )			
66 Consid	lar the fellows		ation:								
	der the follows $3_2 \rightarrow 2AB$	ing rea		22	) <b>5</b> 1, I						
		r A . ia	$\Delta H = -$			AD The	hand ana	row of l	D. – 24	7 1:I/w	ol What is
	ond energy for nd energy of A		man me an	1100	unt or z	AD. THE	DOMA CHE	igy or i	<b>D</b> 2 – 24	/ KJ/11	101. W 11at 15
	482 kJ/mol	<b>1</b> 2!	(B	2)	238 k	I/mol		(C)	161 k	I/mol	
` ,	-118 kJ/mo	1	(E	_		kJ/mol		(C)	101 K	J/11101	
(D)	-118 KJ/IIIO	I	(E	)	-129	KJ/IIIOI					
67. Which	statement is	correct	?								
(A)	The bond or	der of	$He_2^+$ is 1.			(B)	The bon	d orde	r of Ne <sub>2</sub>	is 1.	
(C)	The bond or	der of	$C_2^+$ is 1.			(D)	N <sub>2</sub> has a	larger	bond or	rder th	an $N_2^{2-}$ .
(E)	None of the	above									
68. You m	ix 265.0 mL	of 1.20	M lead(II	) n	itrate v	vith 300.	0 mL of 1	.55 M	potassii	um ioc	dide. Which
	followings is										
(A)	Lead nitrate	is the	limited rea	age	nt.						
(B)	The final co	ncentr	ation of Pb	) <sup>2+</sup>	ions is	0.56 <i>M</i> .					
(C)	The final co	ncentr	ation of K <sup>4</sup>	+ is	0.823	M.					
(D)	The final co	ncentr	ation of NO	O <sub>3</sub> -	is 0.8	23 <i>M</i> .					
(E)	The final co	ncentr	ation of I-	is (	0.823 <i>I</i>	М.					
69 Follov	v the balanced	egnati	on No(a)	+ 3	RH2(σ)	→ 2NH2	(o)				
	ual number of	-						added	in a hal	loon '	The volume
_	balloon is 2.00		_		-						
	on is complete		-					c voium	ic or the	c ourio	on arter the
(A)	0.67 L	(B)	1.00 L	ullt	(C)	1.33 L	(D)	2.00	T.	(E)	4.00 L
(11)	0.07 L	( <b>D</b> )	1.00 L		(0)	1.55 L	(D)	2.00	L	(L)	1.00 L
70. One be	eaker has 75.0	mL of	f a 2.00 <i>M</i>	sol	ution c	of Na <sub>2</sub> Cr	$O_4(aq)$ . A	nother	one has	125 n	nL of a 2.00
M solu	ation of AgN(	$O_3(aq)$ .	Please cal	lcu	late the	e concen	tration of	Ag <sup>+</sup> at	fter the	two se	olutions are
mixed	together.										
(A)	0.00  M	(B)	0.02  M		(C)	0.75 M	(D)	1.25	M	(E)	0.50  M

71. Four identical 1.0 L flasks contain the gases He, Cl<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, and NH<sub>3</sub>, each at 0 °C and 1 atm pressure.

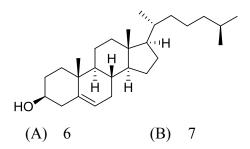
Which of the following statements is *true*?

- (A) He gas has the smallest average kinetic energy.
- (B) Cl<sub>2</sub> gas has the highest density.
- (C) CH<sub>4</sub> gas has the greatest number of molecules.
- (D) NH<sub>3</sub> gas molecules collide elastically.
- (E) All gas molecules have same average velocity.
- 72. The valve between the 3.00 L bulb, in which the gas pressure is 2.00 atm, and the 2.00 L bulb, in which the gas pressure is 2.70 atm, is opened. What is the final pressure in the two bulbs, assuming the temperature remains constant?



- (A) 0.71 atm
- (B) 1.03 atm
- (C) 1.62 atm
- (D) 2.01 atm
- (E) 2.28 atm
- 73. The concentration of a monoprotic acid is "**a**" M and the degree of dissociation of the acid is "**b**". What is its  $K_a$ ?
  - (A)  $b^2/(a-b)$
- (B)  $ab^2/(1-a)$
- (C)  $a^2b^2/(1+a)$
- (D)  $ab^2/(1-b)$
- (E)  $a^2b^2/(1-b)$

74. How many chiral centers are in the following structure?



- (C) 8
- (D) 9
- (E) 10
- 75. Compound X and Y contain two elements A and B only. 3.0 g of compound X contains 1.4 g of A, while 27.0 g of compound Y contains 7.0 g of A. The formula of compound X is AB. Which one is the formula of compound Y?
  - (A)  $AB_2$
- (B)  $A_4B_6$
- (C)  $A_2B$
- (D)  $A_3B_4$
- (E)  $A_2B_5$
- 76. What is the pH value of a 0.010 M solution of sodium azide (NaN<sub>3</sub>)?

The  $K_a$  of HN<sub>3</sub> = 1.0 × 10<sup>-6</sup>

- (A) 6.0
- (B) 7.0
- (C) 8.0
- (D) 9.0
- (E) 10.0

	at is the net numbe-center cubic?	ber of	octahedral ho	oles co	ntained in th	e close	packing of s	phere	s unit cell like
(1	A) 8	(B)	4	(C)	12	(D)	6	(E)	) 3
	ction of potassiu		tal with exce	ss O <sub>2</sub> (¿	g) leads to K	$O_2(s)$ .	Determine th	ne oxi	dation state of
the	oxygen in KO <sub>2</sub> (s	1							
(1	A) +1	(B)	-2	(C)	-0.5	(D)	+2	(E)	) –1
	ermine the point	group	of the molec	cules s	hown below'	?			
(1	A) $C_{3v}$	(B)	$C_3$	(C)	$D_{3d}$	(D)	$D_{3\mathrm{h}}$	(E)	None of the above
80. Wh	ich charge of NC	) wou	ld have a bon	d orde	er of 3?				
	A) +1			(C)		(D)	+2	(E)	-2
	at is the energy re 2 level? (R <sub>H</sub> = 1)	_		e elect	ron in the hy	droger	atom from t	he n =	1 level to the
	A) 3.40 eV			(C)	10.21 eV	(D)	13.61 eV	(E)	None of the above
Fe <sub>(s</sub> Fe <sup>2-</sup> Cu <sup>2</sup>	ng the data show $h^{+} + Cu^{2+}_{(aq)} \rightarrow Fe$ $h^{+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Fe$ $h^{+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu$ $h^{-} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu$ $h^{-} - 1.9 \times 10^{4} J$ $h^{-} - 1.9 \times 10^{4} J$ $h^{-} - 1.9 \times 10^{4} J$	$e^{2+}$ (aq) $e^{2}$ $e^{2}$ $e^{2}$ $e^{2}$ $e^{2}$ $e^{2}$ $e^{2}$ $e^{2}$	+ Cu <sub>(s)</sub> . The re 0.44 V 0.34 V	eductio	on potentials $\times 10^5  \mathrm{J}$				
HC: e)?	e net ionic equat $l(aq)$ is $al^- + blc$	)3-+(	$\mathbf{c}\mathbf{H}^+ \to \mathbf{d}\mathbf{I}_2 + \mathbf{d}\mathbf{I}_2$	eH <sub>2</sub> O.	What is the	sum of	fall coefficie	nts (a	$+\mathbf{b}+\mathbf{c}+\mathbf{d}+$
(1	A) 12	(B)	14	(C)	16	(D)	18	(E)	20

84. How many protons, neutrons, and electrons does the ion  $^{18}\mathrm{O}^{2-}$  have?

- (A) 8 protons, 8 neutrons, 8 electrons
- (B) 8 protons, 18 neutrons, 8 electrons
- 8 protons, 10 neutrons, 10 electrons
- 8 protons, 10 neutrons, 8 electrons
- 8 protons, 8 neutrons, 10 electrons

85. Nature rubber is a polymer derived from isoprene. What is the *correct* way to show the structure of rubber?

- (A)  $\begin{array}{c} \begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_3 & H_2 \\ C & C & C & C \end{pmatrix}_n \\ \end{array}$  (B)  $\begin{pmatrix} CH_3 & H_2 \\ C & C & C & C \end{pmatrix}_n \\ \end{array}$  (C)  $\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_3 & H_2 \\ C & C & C & C \end{pmatrix}_n \\$

(E) E

- 86. Which compound has the highest boiling point among the following structures?

87. What are the products of the following reaction?

$$CH_3CO_2H + CH_3^{18}OH$$
 catalyst  $H^+$ 

(A) 
$$\frac{0}{180}$$
 +  $H_2^{18}$ O

(B) 
$$\frac{0}{180}$$
 + H<sub>2</sub>O

(C) 
$$^{18}O$$
 +  $H_2O$ 

(D) 
$$^{18}O$$
 +  $H_2O_2$ 

88. Identify which of the reactions listed below are reactions between Brøsted–Lowry acids and bases.

I 
$$CH_3OH + H^+ \longrightarrow CH_3OH_2$$

II  $H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3 + TiCl_4 \longrightarrow H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3$ 

III  $H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3 + TiCl_4 \longrightarrow H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3$ 

III  $H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3 + TiCl_4 \longrightarrow H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3$ 

III  $H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3 + TiCl_4 \longrightarrow H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3$ 

III  $H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3 + TiCl_4 \longrightarrow H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3$ 

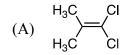
III  $H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3 + TiCl_4 \longrightarrow H_3C \longrightarrow CH_3$ 

- (A) I and II
- (B) I and III
- (C) III and IV
- (D) II and IV
- (E) I, III and IV

# 112 學年度學士後醫學系招生考試

### 物理及化學試題

89. Which of the following molecules has zero net dipole moment?



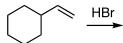
(B) 
$$H_3C$$
  $CH_3$ 

$$(C) \xrightarrow{H_3C} CH_3$$

$$(D) \qquad \stackrel{\text{CI}}{\underset{\text{CI}}{\bigvee}} \stackrel{\text{CH}_3}{\underset{\text{CI}}{\bigvee}}$$

(E) 
$$H_3C$$
 CI

90. What is the product of the transformation listed below?



- (A) 1-Bromo-2-cyclohexylethane
- (B) 1-Bromoethylcyclohexane
- (C) 1-Bromo-3-ethylcyclohexane
- (D) 1-Bromo-2-ethylcyclohexane
- (E) 1-Bromo-1-ethylcyclohexane

#### 後醫-英文

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	Α	С	С	В	С	D	Е	D	D	Α	С	A	В	D	Α	Е	В	D	Е	Α
題號	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	С	Е	D	В	С	С	D	A	D	С	В	Α	D	В	A	В	В	A	С	Е
題號	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50										
答案	В	Е	В	Е	D	A	A	D	С	A										

#### 後醫-物理及化學

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	A	A	С	C	D	C	В	Α	В	D	Е	Е	Е	C	D	В	Е	Α	Е	С
題號	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	A	Е	В	D	D	Α	С	D	D	В	Α	A	С	Е	С	С	D	Е	Α	A
題號	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
答案	С	Е	Е	В	Е	D	D	Е	A	В	A	Е	D	С	В	D	В	D	Е	D
題號	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
答案	Α	D	D	С	В	С	D	С	С	Α	В	Е	D	С	Е	D	В	С	D	A
題號	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90						·		·		
答案	C	В	D	C	A	Е	В	В	E	Е						·		·		

#### 後醫-普通生物及生化概論

	_ , +// -																			
題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	D	В	Е	Α	A	С	С	Е	D	D	В	Α	D	С	C	Е	В	Е	В	В
題號	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	С	D	A	С	A	Е	С	D	D	Е	D	D	С	D	С	Е	В	D	Е	В
題號	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
答案	Α	В	Е	В	Α	Α	C	С	Е	С	Е	D	В	Α	Е	С	Е	В	С	D
題號	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
答案	D	C	D	C	D	C	Α	D	В	C	В	Е	D	Е	A	Α	Е	В	Α	С
題號	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90										
答案	A	C	Е	Е	C	D	D	A	В	В										

### 後醫-計算機概論與程式設計

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	A	A	C	D	A	В	A	C	C	E	В	E	E	В	D	C	C	D	E	A
題號	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30										
答案	D	В	В	В	C	D	D	A	E	E										