中國醫藥大學 101 學年度學士後中醫學系招生考試試題

中	國醫藥大學 101	學年度學士後中團	^{醫學系招生考試試題}	7.	The refugees made anadvanced into the neighboring		ns, crossed	the border, and then		
科	目:英 文		考試時間:八十分鐘		(A) arbitrary(D) intimate	(B) intelligible (E) arduous	(C) ende	emic		
1. 本試題共計 4 頁,如有缺頁應立即舉手,請監試人員補發。 注 2. 選擇題答案請以 2B 鉛筆作答於電腦答案卡,寫在本試題紙上				Part II: Choose the word that is closest in meaning to the underlined word in the sentence.						
				8.	8. Facebook <u>launched</u> an official London Olympics page for fans to connect w favorite athletes and teams, a move it says can help make this summer's games "truly friendly" one. (A) blocked (B) initiated (C) purchased					
說明:本英文試題共六大題。前五大題全爲單選題,每題2分,共佔80分,請選擇最					(D) leased	(E) merged	. , .			
合適的答案。最後一大題爲英文作文,佔 20 分。總分共 100 分。 I. Vocabulary Part I: Choose the best word to complete the sentence.					Baltimore Orioles starter Wei Braves Sunday to help his t dominant performance deliv teammate, "Chen-sational."	eam claim a 2-0 victory in	Atlanta, an	nounting to another		
1.	The manager the result marketing plan this year.	Its of the survey report for h	ours and finally mapped out the		(A) confining(D) ignoring	(B) escalating(E) confirming	(C) decl	ining		
	(A) intervened(D) fossilized	(B) contemplated(E) defended	(C) nurtured	10	. According to recent research networking is a passing <u>fad</u> .	n, nearly half of Americans	believe tha	t the popular social		
2.	In the biology class, students and saw a great variety of tin		a drop of water from the pond,		(A) record (B) ethic		vogue	(E) outlet		
	(A) microscope (D) microchip	(B) microprocessor (E) microwave	(C) microorganism	11	The village was <u>flooded</u> after(A) inundated(D) elevated	the torrential downpours.(B) innovated(E) inoculated	(C) erup	oted		
3.	Most of the employers were in regulations.	n full with labor laws	; only a few broke the	12	. Grief-stricken, the man quaffe					
	(A) compliance(D) divergence	(B) fixation(E) appeal	(C) consolation		(A) poured(D) filled	(B) tilted(E) drank	(C) vom	nted		
4.	The doctor's handwriting is s (A) validate (D) decipher	o bad that I cannot hi (B) coordinate (E) reinforce	s prescription. (C) instill	13	European leaders are trying to(A) match(D) myth	o sort out the worsening <u>mud</u> (B) mess (E) means	<u>dle</u> of finan (C) mide	_		
5.	There were discrepancies and fierce disputes over the issue of food safety among party lawmakers. The party leader is working hard to heal the inside the party.			14	14. Rookery is a colony where <u>gregarious</u> mammals or birds, such as seals or penguins, gather to breed.					
	(A) consensus(D) maneuver	(B) alliance (E) pleat	(C) rift		(A) germane(D) social	(B) marine(E) omnivorous		angered		
6. After the fight, Steve came to make amends, but Amanda, feeling and sulky, chose to ignore him.					The clerk was arrested on a funds.	charge that he embezzled a	million dol	lars from the public		
	(A) indigenous (D) colloquial	(B) sparse (E) dormant	(C) petulant		(A) misappropriated(D) forfeited	(B) miscalculated(E) embellished	(C) lost			

II. Sentence Structure: Choose the best answer from the box below for each blank in the passage.

Ouestions 16-20

Applying a new genomic technique to a large group of patients, researchers in Britain have detected DNA variations that underlie seven common diseases, discovering unexpected links between them. The variations pinpoint biological pathways underlying each of the diseases, and researchers hope that <u>16</u>, new drugs and treatments will emerge. The seven common diseases are bipolar disorder, coronary artery disease, Crohn's disease, hypertension, rheumatoid arthritis, and Type 1 and Type 2 diabetes.

Unveiling the complex genetics of common diseases was the promised payoff of the \$3 billion human genome project, completed in 2003, but ___17__ until the recent development of devices that in a single operation can read the DNA sequence at up to 500,000 points across an individual's genome. And ___18__, called chips, researchers can compare large numbers of patients with healthy individuals, looking for points of differences in their genomes that ___19__.

The approach is known as whole genome association, and studies on Type 2 diabetes, heart disease and breast cancer have been reported within the last few weeks. Those and the new study, <u>20</u>, demonstrate the power and reliability of the whole genome association method, which stands in contrast to the many uncorroborated claims of disease genes made previously.

- (A) with the devices
- (B) progress was slow
- (C) which was financed by the Wellcome Trust of London
- (D) may be associated with disease
- (E) as the pathways are analyzed

III. Cloze: Choose the best answer for each blank in the passage. Ouestions 21-25

Aung San Suu Kyi, a Nobel Peace Prize winner, has led the opposition party to fight for human rights and democracy in Burma for decades. She declared Saturday that the Prize she won <u>21</u> under house arrest 21 years ago helped to shatter her sense of isolation and ensured that the world would demand democracy in her military-controlled homeland.

Suu Kyi received two standing ovations inside Oslo's city hall as she gave her long-delayed <u>22</u> speech to the Norwegian Nobel Committee in front of the 600 dignitaries. The 66-year-old champion of political freedom praised the power of her 1991 Nobel honor both for saving her from the depths of personal despair and shining an enduring spotlight on the injustices in distant Myanmar.

"Often during my days of house arrest, it felt <u>23</u> I were no longer a part of the real world," she said to a silent chamber. "There was the house which was my world. There was the world of others who also were not free but who were together in prison as a community. And there was the world of the free. Each one was a different planet <u>24</u> its own separate course in an indifferent universe."

" the Nobel Peace Prize did was to draw me once again into the world of other
human beings, outside the isolated area in which I lived, to restore a sense of reality to me .
It had made me real once again And what was more important, the Nobel Prize had draw
the attention of the world to the struggle for democracy and human rights in Burma. We
were not going to be forgotten," she said during her 40-minute oration.

21.	(A) to	(B) where	(C) from	(D) while (E)	if
22.	(A) inaugural		(B) apology	(C) coronation	
	(D) farewell	-//	(E) acceptance		
23.	(A) as though		(B) if then	(C) so as	
	(D) despite		(E) even if		
24.	(A) pursue		(B) pursues	(C) pursued	
	(D) pursuing		(E) to be pursued		
25.	(A) As		(B) For	(C) That	
	(D) Which		(E) What		

IV. Discourse Structure: Choose the best answer from the box below for each blank in the passage.

Ouestions 26-30

A study published online April 12 in the *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health* shows that high levels of vitamin D do not seem to help teens improve their school grades. Some pervious research has suggested a link between higher levels of vitamin D and improved brain power in adults. ___26__

British researchers at the University of Bristol measured vitamin D levels in slightly more than 3,000 children when they were nine years old. <u>27</u> The investigators found no evidence that higher vitamin D levels improved the students' academic performance. The authors of the study provided two possible reasons in a journal news release. "<u>28</u> Or the benefits of the vitamin are the result of a cumulative lifelong effect."

There have long been public health recommendations that people need extensive sun protection measures for the sake of skin damage and cancer. 29 Those studies maintained that in response to sun exposure the body naturally produces vitamin D, which in turn boosts the brain power. This has placed people in a dilemma—skin health or brain power. 30 "It is clear that protection of children from UVB exposure is unlikely to have any detrimental effect on their academic achievement."

- (A) The conclusion of the Bristol study may help solve the problem.
- (B) It could be that vitamin D has more of an impact on the aging brain.
- (C) This study, therefore, wanted to determine if the same might be true in teens.
- (D) Previous findings of a link between vitamin D levels and brain power have led to calls for changes to such advice.
- (E) The children's grades in English, math and science were evaluated when they were 13-14 and again when they were 15-16.

V. Reading Comprehension: Choose the best answer to each question according to what is stated or implied in each passage.

Questions 31-35

Adoption is mentioned in ancient legends, myths, and stories. The Bible, for example, describes the adoption of Moses by Pharaoh's daughter. The Roman general Julius Caesar adopted his grand-nephew Octavius.

Formerly the purpose of adoption was to enhance the family unit by providing a childless family with an heir to inherit property or continue a family name. It was not until 1851, in Massachusetts, that the first adoption law to protect children was passed. Since then people have become more concerned about the child's welfare in adoption.

Gradually ideas about adoption have changed. Adoption is now considered a way to find families for children. Communities and social agencies are trying to give more children the benefits of adoption. One reason is the belief that every child has a right to a caring and supportive family.

Social agencies are using new methods to find families to care for an older child, a sibling group, or a child with handicaps. Legislation has been passed to help families who choose to adopt children with special needs. The adoptive parents of such children are given allowances to help meet the costs of including the child in their families.

People who are members of minority groups are being encouraged to adopt children, and in some states the law allows single persons to adopt children. Various organizations are engaged in research to find out how to make adoption as satisfactory as possible for children and their biological and adoptive families.

Recently, there has been a trend toward the re-establishment of a relationship, later in life, between adoptees and their birth parents. A few states have passed "open records" legislation that allows the examination of certain adoption records that makes <u>it</u> easier for adult adoptees and their birth parents to conduct a search for each other. Some states have adoption registries that take information from, and provide information to, any person engaged in such a search.

- 31. What is the best title for this passage?
 - (A) Trends in Adoptions
 - (B) Adoptive Parents or Biological Parents?
 - (C) Adoption Services in the States
 - (D) How to Adopt Children Legally
 - (E) Why Do Children Need Adoption?
- 32. Which of the following legalized the concern for adoptees over adoptive families?
 - (A) The Octavius case.
 - (B) The Massachusetts law in 1851.
 - (C) Adoption of handicapped children.
 - (D) More adoptions by minority groups.
 - (E) Re-connection between adoptees and their birth parents.

- 33. What is mentioned as a governmental support for adopting children with special needs?
 - (A) Housing.
- (B) Insurance.
- (C) Subsidy.

- (D) Transportation.
- (E) Medical care.
- 34. According to the article, which of the following is a more recent trend in adoption?
 - (A) Single parents get the priority in adoption.
 - (B) Rich families are encouraged to adopt children.
 - (C) Minority families are encouraged to adopt children.
 - (D) Adoptive families with a sibling group are preferred.
 - (E) Biological parents are asked to re-adopt their children.
- 35. What does the word it in the last paragraph refer to?
 - (A) An open record.
- (B) Family relationship. (C) A
 - ship. (C) An adoption registry.

- (D) Adoption legislation.
- (E) A search for family members.

Questions 36-40

Disney got into the consulting business by accident after being featured in the 1984 best seller *In Search of Excellence*. Many corporations started asking for tips so that the company created a program in 1986 called "The Disney Approach to People Management," and formalized the business a decade later with the Disney Institute's creation.

Revenue from the Disney Institute has doubled over the past three years, according to Disney, powered in part by its aggressive pursuit of new business. From 2006 to 2009, 300 school systems across the United States have sought its advice.

The Disney Institute recently hired several field representatives to sign up clients and started dispatching its executives to companies wanting help; before that, advice-seekers traveled to Walt Disney World in Florida or Disneyland in California.

"We're putting our people on planes all day every day, domestically and internationally," said Jeff James, who runs Disney's consulting branch. "Some clients are in great shape and want to improve even further, and some are truly clueless." Mr. James said the up-and-down economy had put pressure on companies to pay more attention to consumers' needs. He also cited the importance of the Web, which "gives unhappy customers a megaphone."

Disney, which employs 64,000 people in Orlando alone, has its own employee difficulties, of course. Some "cast members" —Disney-reference to employees—<u>chafe at</u> the company's strict rules, although it recently lifted a facial-hair ban and now allows women to forgo pantyhose. Disney's ultra-friendly customer service can also startle visitors who aren't used to such cheerfulness.

But vast numbers of consumers love it, and the company is routinely showcased in business books for its hospitality and efficiency. For instance, the company has spent so much time studying its customers—more than 120 million globally in 2011—that it places trash cans every 27 paces, the average distance a visitor carries a candy wrapper before discarding it.

When clients send their employees to Disney Institute for training, some time is spent on seminars on topics like "purpose before task." They are going through Disney-led

workshops that emphasize five principles: leadership, training, customer experience, brand loyalty and creativity. Sessions are often custom-tailored. They also get tours of the parks, where Disney managers demonstrate their tricks in action, like giving directions by point with two fingers instead of one (it's more polite). A behind-the-scenes stop at "textile services" (the laundry) might emphasize how managers are taught to show appreciation for lower-level workers by pitching in to complete menial tasks.

- 36. According to the article, when was the Disney Institute founded?
 - (A) 1984

(B) 1986

(C) 1996

(D) 2006

(E) 2011

- 37. What can be inferred from the passage?
 - (A) Female employees are now obliged to wear pantyhose to correspond to Disney's prime hospitality principle.
 - (B) The main tasks for Disney's field representatives are to ensure public safety in Disney World.
 - (C) Disney has earned twice its revenue for the past three years by reducing its personnel redundancy.
 - (D) Disney gives nicknames "cast members" for their customers.
 - (E) Companies seeking Disney for advice include those being lucrative and those attentive to customer satisfaction.
- 38. The words "chafe at" in Paragraph #5 can be best understood as "_____."
 - (A) feeling excited by
 - (B) feeling irritated by
 - (C) feeling sympathetic for
 - (D) feeling sad for
 - (E) feeling indifferent to
- 39. According to the article, which might **NOT** be found in a Disney-led training workshop?
 - (A) How employees identify with their enterprise.
 - (B) How employees acquire the skills to become future leaders.
 - (C) How employees' potentials are empowered and put into workplace.
 - (D) How employees conform to their company's tradition and dispel original thinking.
 - (E) How customers' specific needs are satisfied and complaints are taken care of.
- 40. Which of the following is likely to be excluded in Disney's annual budget?
 - (A) Research on the growth of global customers.
 - (B) Waste disposal in Disneyland.
 - (C) Cutbacks of international travels.
 - (D) Maintenance of customer service.
 - (E) Training sessions on friendly gestures.

VI. Composition

Write an essay of two paragraphs in 150-200 words.

Describe an experience of yours or your friends with **stray dogs** in the first paragraph. Then comment on the issue of stray dogs in the second paragraph.

