代號: 2401 97年特種者試交诵事業鐵路人員者試及

頁り	97年特種考試交通事業	業公路人員考試該	式題	
咨	位 別:員級			
類類	科:鐵路-各類科、公路-各類科			
科	目:法學知識與英文(包括中華民國)	害斗、斗學经验、茁之	7)	
	式時間:1小時	□ 公子 四 品 「		
•	三意: (一)本測驗試題為單一選擇題,請選出 <u>一個</u> 正確或	/= */		
/•\ /-	二、一个人,从此处例中,这样处,明显出 <u>同</u> 上证实 (二)本科目共50題,每題2分,須用 <u>2B鉛筆</u> 在試	、 卡上依題號清楚劃記,於本	試題上作答者,不予計分。	
	(三)禁止使用電子計算器。			
1	憲法本文對領土的規定採:			
	(A)概括式 (B)列舉式	(C)除外式	(D)未規定	
2	憲法本文關於基本權的規定,對下列何種權利保障力	方式最爲周延?		
	(A)人民之居住自由 (B)人民之言論自由	(C)人民之身體自由	(D)人民之財產權	
3	依憲法增修條文規定,下列何項停止適用?			
	(A)公務人員之選拔,應按省區分別規定名額,分區學	學行考試		
	(B)立法委員之報酬及待遇,應以法律定之			
	(C)國家應保障僑居國外國民之政治參與			
	(D)國家應積極維護原住民族語言及文化			
4	關於警察臨檢,下列何項與司法院大法官釋字第 535	5 號解釋之意旨不符?		
	(A)實施臨檢之要件與程序均應有法律之明確規範	(B)對私人居住之空間,應	受與住宅相同之保障	
	(C)應遵守比例原則	(D)無須出示證件表明身分		
5	依據憲法第8條第2項規定,人民因犯罪嫌疑被逮捕	前拘禁時,至遲應於二十四	小時內移送至何機關審問?	
	(A) 監察院	(B)法院		
	(C)最高法院檢察署特別偵查組	(D)各地方法院檢察署		
6	憲法本文有關人身自由保障的規定,明白顯示罪刑法	法定主義原則。請問下列何	者符合罪刑法定主義原則?	
	(A)刑法主要以不成文法爲法源	(B)刑法不得類推解釋		
	(C)刑法可有不定期刑	(D)刑法適用原則上可溯及	D)刑法適用原則上可溯及既往	
7	下列那一項基本權利含有制度性保障?			
	(A)人身自由 (B)結社自由	(C)婚姻自由	(D)集會自由	
8	任何人非經正當法定程序,不受逮捕、拘禁的權利和	第爲何種自由權?		
	(A)人身的自由權 (B)精神的自由權	(C)政治的自由權	(D)司法的自由權	
9	在憲法本文及增修條文中,皆有婦女當選名額之規定	三,係下列何者之選舉?		
	(A) 考試委員 (B) 立法委員	(C)監察委員	(D)縣市議員	
10	總統對於刑事犯罪之罪名與刑罰加以赦免,稱爲:			
	(A)大赦 (B)褒揚	C)假釋	(D)復權	
11	依憲法增修條文,下列總統之官員任免權,何者不須			
	(A)行政院院長 (B)司法院院長			
12	依憲法增修條文規定,當立法院被解散後,國家適逢	重大變故,有必要由總統發	布緊急命令爲必要之處置	
	試問此緊急命令應否被追認?由誰追認?			
	(A)情況特殊無需被追認	(B)由監察院代替立法院追		
	(C)由司法院大法官代替立法院追認	(D)由原立法院自行集會開議追認		

13 依憲法本文及增修條文規定,以下關於人事同意權的敘述,何者正確? (A)立法院對於審計長有同意權

(B)監察院對於司法院大法官有同意權

(C)立法院對於行政院院長有同意權 (D)考試院對於監察委員有同意權

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14]法院、考試院人員之違法:	失職,由監察院彈劾之,監察		
	院人員之違法失職如	何處置?				
	(A)由立法院彈劾		(B)另送司法院大法官彈?	勃		
	(C)由立法院向司法院	大法官提出彈劾	(D)由監察院彈劾			
15	依憲法地方自治之精神,縣政府之施政應向何機關負責?					
	(A)省政府	(B)內政部	(C)縣議會	(D)行政院		
16	下列法源,何者屬於	不成文法?				
	(A)法律	(B)條約	(C)判例	(D)法規命令		
17	大陸法系主要繼受自下列何者?					
	(A)希臘法	®羅馬法	(C)巴比倫法律	(D)漢摩拉比法典		
18	下列何者不是立法院	通過的法律?				
	(A)地方稅法通則	®家事事件處理辦法	(C)鄉鎮市調解條例	(D)財政收支劃分法		
19	我國民法親屬編的修	正,例如夫妻財產制或未成年	三子女親權之行使,逐漸朝何	可種方向發展?		
	(A)男尊女卑	(B)女尊男卑	(C)兩性平權	(D)以上皆非		
20	法律與憲法牴觸者無效,就此有終局認定權限之機關爲何?					
	(A)普通法院	(B)行政院	(C)立法院	(D)司法院		
21	在法律解釋上,一般認爲通常最優先適用的解釋方法是:					
	(A)文義解釋	(B)論理解釋	(C)歷史解釋	(D)目的解釋		
22	下列有關解釋法律之	敘述,何者錯誤?				
	(A)解釋法律應注意其專門性,專業用語未必依通俗意義解釋					
	(B)解釋法律應注意其固定性,尺度不可因人因事因地自由伸縮					
	©解釋法律應注意其進化性,文字涵義可能隨時代而變遷					
	(D)解釋法律應注意其靈活性,盡量多元,得因人而異					
23	銀行未經顧客同意或沒有法律依據,而洩漏顧客存款及銀行往來資料,可能侵犯何種權利?					
	(A)工作權	®隱私權	(C)姓名權	(D)秘密通訊權		
24	如果法律規定,凡竊	盜者,處以死刑或剁手處罰,	可能違反何種憲法原則?			
	(A)平等原則	(B)比例原則	(C)一行爲不二罰原則	(D)不當聯結禁止原則		
25	下列何者非屬民事上	之自力救濟?				
	(A)正當防衛	(B)緊急避難	(C)自助行爲	(D)拘提管收		
26	繼承人欲拋棄其繼承	權,應向下列何者爲之?				
	(A)親屬會議	(B)法院	(C)被繼承人	(D)家長		
27	下列何者爲刑法規定	的刑罰種類?				
	(A)強制治療	(B)強制工作	(C)保護管束	(D)罰金		
28	發生消費爭議時,下	列何者非消費者保護法所規定	之申訴對象?			
	(A)企業經營者	®消費者保護團體	(C)民意代表	D消費者保護官		
29	勞工保險之費率:					
	(A)由法律明訂		(B)在法律規定範圍內由行	行政院核定		
	(C)由立法院核定		(D)依實際之支出而彈性語	調整		
30	依照家庭暴力防治法之規定,保護令爲下列何種性質?					
	(A)刑事	(B)民事	(C)行政	(D)兼具刑事與民事		

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31	I'm planning to the attic into a bedroom to accommodate more guests.					
	(A) convert	(B) elaborate	(C) justify	(D) penetrate		
32	When I turned on the heate	r, hot air throughout th	ne room and I felt warm imme	ediately.		
	(A) calculated	(B) illuminated	(C) circulated	(D) illustrated		
33	Climbing up to the mountain	in top has I am out of 1	breath now.			
	(A) turned me on	(B) cheered me up	(C) worn me out	(D) cut me off		
34	When a complete stranger	came over and intended to giv	e me the ticket to the concer	t, my reaction was to		
	decline the offer because his friendliness seemed weird to me.					
	(A) internal	(B) immediate	(C) triumphant	(D) spectacular		
35	My brother, Carlson, loves	music very much and knows	how to play several musical	, such as the piano, the		
	guitar, the trumpet, and the oboe.					
	(A) notes	(B) scores	(C) instruments	(D) compositions		
36	In some Asian cultures, peo	ople are not supposed to make	direct eye contact when talk	ing to their superiors because		
	the behavior is considered l	bold or				
	(A) aggressive	(B) appropriate	(C) amicable	(D) affluent		
37	Wearing shorts and sandals	to work is considered very _	in many companies.			
	(A) incomplete	(B) informative	(C) improper	(D) impatient		
38	The accident was not all yo	our The other driver wa	as responsible for its happeni	ng as well.		
	(A) concept	(B) response	(C) blame	(D) fault		
39	The new engineer seemed to	The new engineer seemed to be by the workload in the Research and Development Division. He stayed for				
	merely a week and quit for	health reasons.				
	(A) fascinated	(B) interfered	(C) acculturated	(D) overwhelmed		
40	If you are so easily discouraged by any, how can you ever achieve anything? Hardships are there to make us					
	braver and wiser.					
	(A) capacity	(B) monument	(C) obstacle	(D) tolerance		
41	Mary won't forgive George	e for his rudeness he ap	pologizes first.			
	(A) but	(B) unless	(C) if	(D) lest		
42	Man: Did you see this toma	nto, Maggie?				
	Woman: Yes, I did. Isn't it big?					
	Man: It's huge!					
	Woman: I think I'll cut it up for our salad tonight.					
	(A) Where did you buy it?					
	(B) How much did it cost?					
	(C) What are you going to do with it?					
	(D) When did you buy it?					
43	Alice: Hey, Allen, why didn't you have lunch with us?					
	Allen: No. I had a late breakfast.					
	(A) What was the matter?					
	(B) Weren't you hungry?					
	(C) Would you care for a cu	p of coffee?				

(D) Have you had your breakfast?

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If there is one thing I dislike, it is dogs that bark late at night. An example is my neighbor's dog across the street from me. My neighbor lets her dog out for about a half hour every night around midnight. 44 her dog hits the night air, his automatic response is to howl and bark, which he does for a full half hour. He does not seem to bark at anything in particular. 45 , barking seems to be his form of nightly exercise. I want to be a good neighbor, so I try not to 46 too much, but I'm getting very tired of that midnight serenade.

44 (A) As soon as (B) Because (C) As a result (D) Even though 45 (A) Consequently (B) Instead (C) Regardless (D) Gradually 46 (A) defend (B) complain (C) intrude (D) threaten

A century ago, distance and extreme cold meant that Antarctica was only a place for explorers. Modern technology has changed all that. Now cruise liners with up to a thousand passengers travel through the Antarctic waters. Only in the last decade has the Antarctic tourist trade taken off. In the early 90s about 5,000 tourists a year travelled to Antarctica. Last year, there were more than 28,000 visitors, and if the growth continues at the same rate it could be up to 80,000 by 2010.

Tourists that set foot on Antarctica are concentrated in biologically rich sites, and historic or current sites of human activity. Tourism is focused on sites known for fantastic wildlife and stunning scenery. The impact of these routine tourism operations is not yet well known, though industry claims that there has been no impact from several decades of tourism.

Achieving a balance between tourism and managing the pristine wilderness is worrying environmentalists. They are concerned not just by the rising number of tourists but by the changing nature of Antarctic tourism. Large cruise liners run by global companies are now entering the Antarctic tourist trade, marking the beginning of mass tourism in Antarctica. They also carry huge quantities of heavy oil, one of the worst marine pollutants. "The effects of one liner sinking or running aground would be disastrous," says an environmentalist. While the environmental impact of fifty tourists turning up at a penguin colony or historic hut may be minimal, 800 to 1,000 is a different story.

- 47 What is this passage mainly about?
 - (A) Antarctic tourism and its possible effects on the environment.
 - (B) The influence of modern technology on historic sites.
 - (C) A cool trip to the Antarctic wilderness.
 - (D) Cruise liners and marine pollutants.
- 48 Which is NOT mentioned as a negative impact that Antarctic tourism has brought to the environment?
 - (A) The possibility of ships sinking.
 - (B) Heavy oil and pollutants.
 - (C) Disturbed wild animals.
 - (D) Mass construction of huts and hotels.
- 49 What is the author's attitude toward the impact of Antarctic tourism?
 - (A) Optimistic.
 - (B) Apprehensive.
 - (C) Furious.
 - (D) Indifferent.
- According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
 - (A) Large cruise liners run by global companies are now forbidden to enter the Antarctic areas.
 - (B) Scientists have proven that there has been no impact from several decades of Antarctic tourism.
 - (C) By the end of 2010, the number of tourists will be sixteen times of that in the early 90s.
 - (D) The fact that tourists have been on the increase does not worry environmentalists.