代號:90540 頁次:3-1 109年公務人員特種考試司法人員、法務部 調查局調查人員、國家安全局國家安全情報 人員、海岸巡防人員及移民行政人員考試試題

考 試 别:移民行政人員

等 别:三等考試

類 科 組:移民行政(選試印尼文)

科 目:外國文(印尼文兼試移民專業英文)

※注意:禁止使用電子計算器。

甲、申論題部分: (75分)

一不必抄題,作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上,於本試題上作答者,不予計分。

□請以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

一、中譯印

Terjemahkan tulisan di bawah ini ke dalam Bahasa Indonesia. (25分)

新冠病毒或一般所稱的 COVID-19疫情肆虐全球,帶給全球無比的衝擊, 民眾慢慢適應了新的生活模式,例如更注意衛生和健康。許多國家的民 眾掀起了騎腳踏車的熱潮,印尼也不例外,特別是在雅加達地區,幾乎 每天都可以看到男女老少在住宅社區裡的街上騎乘腳踏車當作休閒和 運動。腳踏車不再只是一種交通工具,在印尼各大城市更成為一種潮流, 也當然帶來了美好的商機。

二、印譯中

Terjemahkan tulisan di bawah ini ke dalam Bahasa Mandarin. (25分)

Tahun 2020 sangat istimewa sekali, terjadi banyak perubahan yang memaksa manusia untuk menerimanya. Misalnya, ke mana-mana harus bermasker, sering mencuci tangan, dan harus dicuci dengan sangat bersih bahkan ada metodenya. Selain itu, berwisata ke luar negeri sudah menjadi suatu anganangan dalam waktu dekat, maka masyarakat Taiwan berwisata di dalam negeri sambil menggalakkan perekonomian nasional.

三、寫作 Mengarang. (25分)

"Antara pekerjaan dan keluarga, bagaimana saya seorang petugas imigrasi mengantisipasinya."

Buatlah karangan dalam Bahasa Indonesia dengan judul tersebut di atas sebanyak minimum 200 kata, maksimal 500 kata, untuk melukiskan antisipasi anda sebagai seorang petugas imigrasi yang harus bertanggung jawab menunaikan tugas, tapi juga tidak melalaikan keluarga.

乙、		-選擇題,請選出一個」		代號:4901 , <u>複選</u> 作答者,該題 <u>不予計分</u> 。 題或申論試卷上作答者,不予計分。
1				country to another and successfully
	settle down.			
	(A)management	(B)awareness	(C)crisis	(D)mobility
2	Most countries have r	nade much effort in	human trafficking, a	and Taiwan is no exception.
	(A) committing	(B)generalizing	(C)puzzling	(D)combating
3	When filling out the a	pplication form, please v	write so the clerk	s can understand the written content.
	(A)practically	(B) frequently	(C) legibly	(D) hardly
4	A significant o	f the demonstration taking	ng place yesterday was	the large number of participants.
	(A)aspect	(B)appointment	(C)asset	(D)charity
5	This entry permit is o	nly, valid for thre	e months.	
	(A)solitary	(B)temporary	(C)subtle	(D)habitual
6	According to official	statistics, immigrants	almost 14% of the	U.S. population.
	(A)contain	(B)continue	(C)conclude	(D)comprise
7	The results of a 2019	poll found that 81% of	f Americans supported	a path to for undocumented
	immigrants.			
	(A)civilization	(B)civics	(C)citizenship	(D)conclusion
8	Successfully tr	avelers can use e-Gates	in the major airports an	d seaports of Taiwan.
	(A)enrolled	(B)bounded		-
9	The action to a	n existing ARC must be	taken within 30 days p	prior to its expiration date.
	(A)exceed	(B)excel	(C)extinct	(D)extend
10	In the eyes of the jur	y members, the explana	tion furnished by the d	efendant was reasonable and
	logical.	· -	·	
	(A)ordinarily	(B)entirely	(C)irregularly	(D)alternately
11	In that community, th	e locals and the foreigne	ers have a good relation	ship which is supportive.
	(A)only	(B)promptly	-	_
12	Recently, with the rag	ging development of CO	VID-19, many countrie	es have mandated new arrivals to be
	for 14 days.			
	(A)squared	(B)exposed	(C)drenched	(D)quarantined
13	In a workplace, you s	hould develop a good _	with colleagues,	and they will be willing to help you
	when needed.			
	(A)rapport	(B)disparity	(C)adaptation	(D)improvisation
14	People may ho	ld different views on va	rious issues; that is why	y communication plays a key role in
	building understanding.			
	(A)below the average		(B) by the way	
	(C) from one generation to the next (D) at low tide			
15	Some of immigration argue that the freedom of movement both within and between countries is a			
	basic human right.			
	(A)provocations	(B)proponents	(C)prospectors	(D)prototypes
16	•		• •	nat the difference between the most
	and the poorest countries is growing bigger all the time.			
	(A) establishing	(B)affluent	(C)collective	(D)processed

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Competition from immigrants in a particular profession may _____ underemployment in that profession, but increase wages for other natives.

(A) captivate (B) eradicate (C) resolve (D) aggravate

請回答下列第18題至第20題

Failure: We all avoid it, and most of us fear it. However, without failure, progress would be impossible. Indeed, the word success comes from the Latin *succedere*, meaning "to come after." And what does success usually come after? Failure. It seems that one cannot exist without the other.

Accepting failure is not easy for many, though. We are often reluctant to admit failure because our professional reputations depend on success. However, things are slowly changing, notably in the field of business and science. In the past decade, for instance, some scientific journals—mostly in medicine and conservation—have published reports of failed experiments. The belief is that the science community can also learn from "negative" results and that this can eventually lead to positive outcomes.

In many ways, the business world already understands the value of negative results. To encourage entrepreneurship, the Netherlands-based ABN AMRO bank started an Institute of Brilliant Failures to learn more about what works and what doesn't in banking. Similarly, Eli Lilly and Company, the pharmaceutical corporation, has "R&D outcome celebrations"—failure parties—to study data about drugs that don't work. (Almost 90 percent of all drug trials fail, and the drugs cannot be sold.)

In fact, one of the business world's most famous failures eventually became one of its biggest successes, in part because the product's makers learned from their mistakes. In the early 1990s, Apple Corporation created a hand-held device called the Apple Newton. The product, though unique at the time, was expensive and heavy; moreover, some of its most important features didn't work properly. Consequently, it became one of Apple's biggest failures, and in 1998, the company stopped selling it. However, Apple's CEO, Steve Jobs, believed the product had potential and he began to explore ways of improving it. In time, this led to the creation of the iPhone and the iPad, two of the company's most successful products.

The story of the Apple Newton can teach us another important lesson about failure. Not only should we try to learn from it; if we want to succeed, we must also be persistent. Though Apple stopped selling the Newton in 1998, the first iPhone wasn't available until 2007. It took a lot of research and hard work to go from the Apple Newton to iPhone, but in the end, the effort paid off.

Ultimately, there is a lot we can learn by studying mistakes. Perhaps the most important lesson is that failure and success are two sides of the same coin. One truly cannot exist without the other.

- 18 What is the best way to summarize the reading passage?
 - (A) Success and fear are basically the same thing.
 - (B) Failure is always followed by success.
 - (C) You may need to fail before you can succeed.
 - (D) Accepting failure is very difficult.
- 19 Why are some scientific journals starting to publish the results of failed experiments?
 - (A)to encourage new experiments in other fields
 - (B) so that people can discuss and share their findings at failure parties
 - (C) to admit that the scientific community makes mistakes
 - (D) because of the belief that negative results can lead to successful outcomes
- 20 Which advice would the author most likely agree with?
 - (A) If you want to be successful, ask successful people what they did to succeed.
 - (B) Accept that some people fail and not everyone is meant to succeed.
 - (C) If you make a mistake, ask yourself what went wrong and try to learn from it.
 - (D) You should think of failure and success as the same thing.